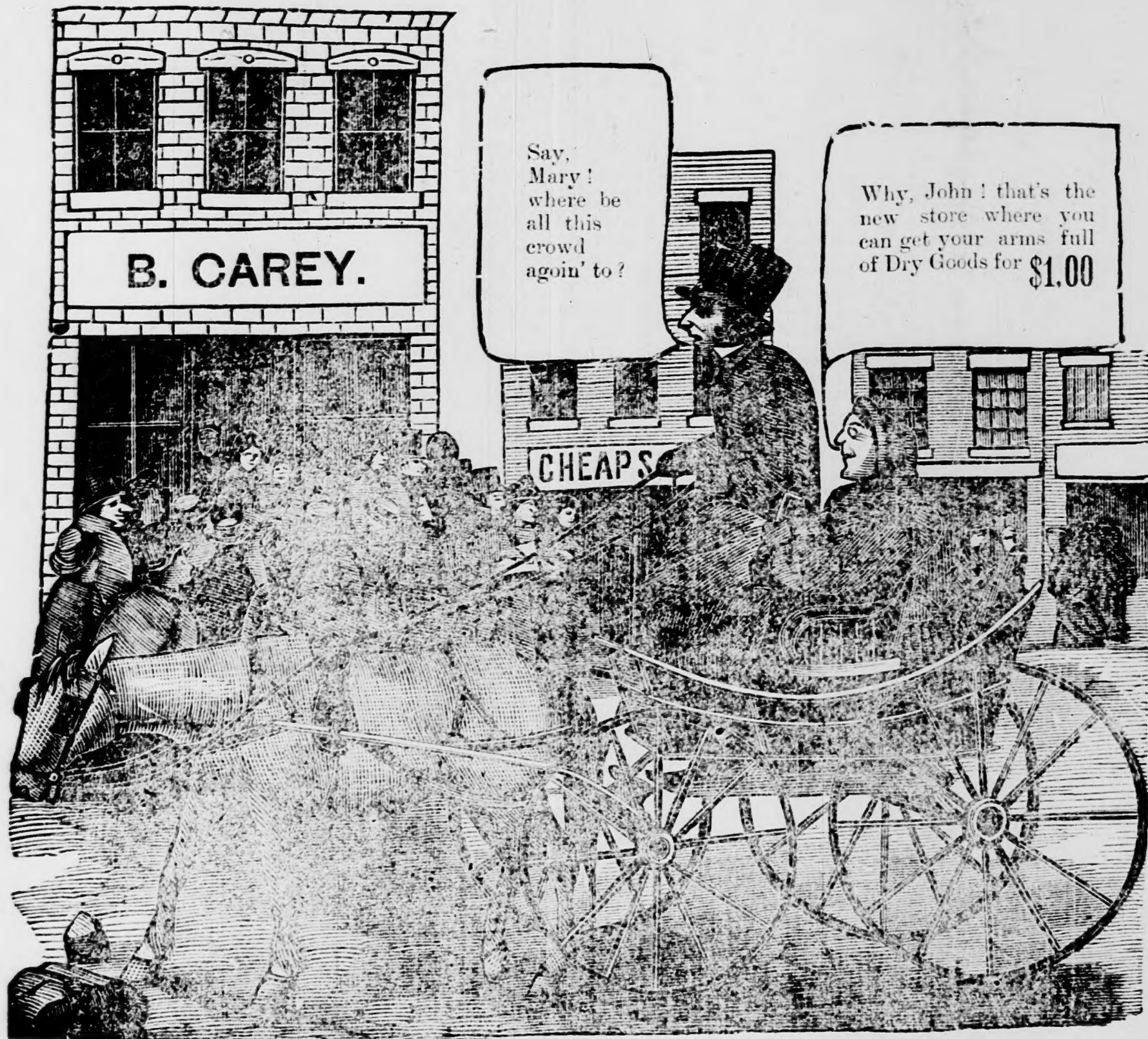


# THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. X.—NO. 43.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1899

\$1.50 PER ANNUM



Our Stock is Now Complete.

We can supply every requirement in  
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

Three Thousand Yards of Flannelette just arrived.  
We are selling it at Five Cents.

B. CAREY.

B. CAREY.

## MUNICIPALITY OF THE TOWN OF MOOSE JAW.

Statement of Receipts and Expenditures for the Year Ending 31st December, 1898.

RECEIPTS.		EXPENDITURE.	
Municipal and School Taxes.—		BOARD OF WORKS.—	
From 1897 Roll and arrears.	\$5908 61	Permanent Improvements.....	\$ 788 07
1898 " "	7025 82	Repairs, Grading, &c.....	189 87
	\$12634 43	Supplies.....	5 60
Dog Taxes.....	76	Labor.....	17
Pol ".....	133	Repairs to Weigh Scales.....	11 15
Town Hall Rent.....	308	Inspection of Weigh Scales.....	3 00
" Hire.....	46		\$ 1014 69
Licenses from Hotels.....	800	FIRE, WATER & LIGHT.	
" " Billiard Tables.....	70	Fuel, Supplies and Repairs.....	31 40
" " Boarding Houses.....	8	Watching Fire.....	50
" " Draymen.....	52		31 90
" " Livery Stables.....	40	LICENSE AND POLICE.—	
" " Travelling Troupes.....	110	Salaries.....	434 85
" " Watermen.....	20	Supplies.....	11 25
" " Peddlars.....	96 25	Expenses of Prisoners.....	15 10
	1196 25		461 20
Fines under By-laws.....	41	HEALTH AND RELIEF.—	
Refund of Insurance.....	10	Relief of Indigents.....	68 20
Rebate of Interest.....	2 85	Railway fares for Indigents.....	25 90
Sale of old timber from bridge.....	30	Fumigator.....	60
Redemption of Lots sold at Tax Sale.....	24 33	Sundries.....	40
Tax Sale Costs Collected.....	83 70	Quarantine Expenses.....	34
	108 03		188 50
Note Discounted at Union Bank.....	1500	FINANCE.—	
Balance 1st January 1898.—Cash on Hand.	434 57	School Board per 1898 Estimates.....	5000
	\$16525 13	Instalment of Debentures.....	333 33
		Interest on Debentures.....	608 03
		Discount per Union Bank on note \$1500.....	27 05
		Note to Union Bank re-paid.....	1500
		Salaries.....	715 42
		Stationery and postage.....	62 53
		Printing and Advertising.....	165 15
		Insurance.....	30
		Commission on Tax Sale.....	36 50
		Refunds of Taxes (\$5.74 outstanding).....	37 43
		Refund of Rent of Town Hall.....	2 00
		Legal Expenses re Townsite.....	31 90
		Election Expenses.....	9
		Sundries.....	10 75
		Balance Dec. 31st, 1898.—	\$569 56
		In Union Bank.....	6245 88
		In hands of Treasurer.....	\$19.11
		Less Refund Outstanding.....	5.74
			13 37
			\$16525 13

To the Mayor and Council of the Municipality of the Town of Moose Jaw :

Gentlemen,—I beg to report that I have examined the Books and Accounts of your Municipality : and compared the same with the Reports of the Auditors, for the year 1898, and certify that they are correct. I herewith submit a statement of the Receipts and Expenditures for the year.

HAROLD JAGGER, Auditor.

Moose Jaw, 24th April, 1899.

### TOWN COUNCIL.

The Auditor Submits His Report for 1898—Manager Whyte Replies re Waterworks.

The regular fortnightly meeting of the Council was held in the council chamber on Monday evening. Mayor Bogue occupied the chair, and Councillors Hitchcock, Munns and Grayson were present. The following accounts were ordered to be paid:—G. B. C. Sharpe, for municipal ordinances, \$4.00; J. A. Healey & Co., sundries, \$9.33; E. A. Baker & Co., \$4.25; F. G. Herrler \$50.00, balance of salary as assessor, and \$0.25 for postage.

A communication was received from the Ronald Fire Engine Works re book and ladder truck, asking council to wait until Mr. Ronald returns home from Windsor, N.S.

A communication was also received from Manager Whyte of the C.P.R. re water works. Mr. Whyte promises to look into the matter from the company's standpoint, on the assumption that the C.P.R. would supply the town with water; but if this was not found possible, he asked to be advised how long it would take the town to install a plant and at what rate the water could be supplied to the company per one thousand gallons.

A. O. Graydon, City Engineer, of London, Ont., wrote in reply to letter of 29th March, advising Council to put in hydrants with waterworks, as they were far more efficient. There was no danger from frost, as they are now made frostproof.

The above communications were referred to the Fire, Water and Light committee.

The Finance committee reported that they had considered the petition of the ratepayers re the purchase of the brass band instruments, and recommended the granting of the petition on the condition that the instruments now owned by the band be turned over to the Council, the Council to allow the band committee the use of the instruments so long as they continue to be a band, and play publicly in the town twice a week during the summer months.

The committee further reported that the Secretary Treasurer's monthly statement for March appeared to be correct.

The committee also recommended that the Inspector be instructed to notify all property holders to clean up their premises, and unless the same is done, the Council will take steps to have the cleaning done at the owner's expense.

The report was received and adopted.

The auditor submitted his report for the year ending March 31st, 1898, and also the first quarterly report for 1899. On motion the 1898 report was ordered to be published in THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

A cheque was drawn in favor of G. B. C. Sharpe for \$6.15 to pay for publishing tax sale notice in the North-West Gazette.

On motion by Councillors Grayson and Hitchcock, the Council will sit as a Court of Revision on June 6th next.

The Board of Works reported verbally that they had looked over the town hall property and would report at the next regular meeting.

### RESIGNATION ACCEPTED.

Another Special Meeting of the School Board—The Special Audit.

A special meeting of the School Board called by the chairman, Mr. T. B. Baker, was held on Wednesday evening to receive the special audit arranged for at the last meeting and to deal with the resignation of the Secretary-Treasurer. All the trustees were present with the exception of Mr. Ferguson, who was out of town.

Mr. Jagger, the auditor, reported that he had examined the books and vouchers of the late Secretary-Treasurer and found the same correct, and submitted a statement of receipts and expenditures from Jan 1st to April 25th. The following were the

RECEIPTS.	
From Dept. of Public Instruction—Grant 1898.....	\$1053.00
Do do do—Report.....	180.00
From Town of Moose Jaw.....	2000.00
From High School Fees.....	124.00
From Carmel School District Desk.....	9.00
	\$3367.50

EXPENDITURES.	
Balance due Treasurer 31 Dec. 98.....	\$1113.03
Teachers' Salaries.....	1122.35
Sundry Expenses.....	633.15
	\$2868.53
Balance on hand.....	\$ 498.97

The auditor also reported that he had verified the balance of \$498.97 on deposit with Hitchcock & McCulloch to the credit of the Chairman and Treasurer.

On motion by Saunders-Simington the report was received and adopted.

Moved by Simington-Grayson and carried, that the Secretary-Treasurer's resignation be accepted, and that the chairman be authorized to insert a notice in THE TIMES asking for applications for the position for the balance of the year.

Moved by Saunders-Simington, and carried, that Mr. Seymour Green be requested to hand to the Board before the next regular meeting all correspondence received by him from the Department of Education relative to his bonds or securities this year.

Meeting adjourned.

### Death of Percy Collins.

Many railroad men in Moose Jaw will be sorry to learn of the death of Brakeman Percy Collins, of the Manitoba and North Western, who was killed on Monday near Birtle, Man. He fell between the cars and sustained injuries from which he died two hours afterwards, without recovering consciousness.

The unfortunate man is well known in Moose Jaw by pioneer railway men, having lived here several years ago while occupying the position of baggageman on the Brandon-Moose Jaw division. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn his loss.

### Government Majority Eight.

The first division on a Government measure in this Legislature took place Wednesday, the proposal attacked by the Opposition being the Villages Bill. The following members voted against the Government: Messrs. Hawkes, Brett, Bennett, Connell, Wallace, McLeod, Villeneuve, McKay, McDonald, McDiarmid and Meyers. The measure was supported by: Messrs. Haultain, Ross, Bulyea, Brown, Elliott, Cross, Greeley, Prince Patrick, McCauley, Simpson, Gillis, Rosenroth, DeVries, Shera, McIntyre, Fisher, Lake and Smith—Opposition, 11; Government, 19.

### Sent Down Two Years.

Judge Richardson found John K. Welsh, real estate and insurance agent, conveyancer, etc., of Indian Head, guilty on the charge of improper conduct towards his little step-daughter. The prisoner was sentenced to two years in Regina jail with hard labor.

The charge was laid by Welsh's wife, who had separated from him in 1898, as alleged, on account of his actions with Mrs. Welsh's daughter, a child of tender years. Until recently Welsh paid his wife an allowance. Of late he had refused to continue the allowance, and Mrs. Welsh concluded to prosecute him on a charge of indecent assault.

Welsh was an elder of the Presbyterian church. Indeed he had been a minister of that denomination, and at one time was pastor at Qu'Appelle. A few years ago he quitted the ministry to engage in law.

The weather took a sudden change yesterday. Last night there was 14 degrees of frost with a high wind.

## Notice!

Having disposed of my business to Mr. W. J. Cosgrave, all accounts due the late firm must be paid before May 1, as after that date the books will be put into the hands of a solicitor for collection. All parties having accounts against me are requested to present them for payment.

## Wall Paper!

The undersigned are opening up next door to the Model Grocery Store a stock of wall paper. The latest shades and tints.

### WE ARE PREPARED

To cater to the public in papering and decorating Drop in and see us. No trouble to us to show paper.

## Crapper Bros

## OTTAWA HOTEL

Under New Management.

Having leased the Ottawa Hotel from Mr. R. H. W. Holt, the undersigned wishes to announce to the people of Moose Jaw and district that he is having the premises thoroughly renovated and will conduct a first-class house in every respect. Special attention will be paid to our dining room and no pains will be spared to insure the comforts of our guests and make this the best \$1 a day house west of Winnipeg. Special rates to monthly boarders. First-class bar in connection. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

F. COLBOURNE.

River Street West.

If on my theme I rightly think,  
There are five reasons why men drink:  
Good wine, a friend, because  
I'm dry,  
Or least I shall be by and by,  
Or any other reason why.  
—Percy Simmond.

"Because I'm dry" is a good "reason why" any man must have something to quench his thirst.  
And if you fancy you shall be dry by and by this spring what shall you drink? Try our Golden Amber Ale and Extra Stout, highly recommended for medicinal use. We also carry a full line of imported liquors, including Harvey's Scotch and Burke's Irish.

Wm. J. Cosgrave,

Mail orders receive prompt attention.

### TOWN OF MOOSEJAW.

List of Lands to be Sold for Taxes.

LOT.	BLOCK.	TAXES.	CONST.	INTER.	TOTAL.
1	4	\$1 36	\$1 97	8	\$3 41
2	4	1 36	1 97	8	3 41
10	9	2 55	1 97	15	4 67
21	77	1 02	1 97	6	3 05
22	77	1 02	1 97	6	3 05
23	77	1 36	1 97	8	3 41
24	77	1 53	1 97	9	3 59
25	77	1 53	1 97	9	3 59
26	77	1 70	1 97	10	3 77
27	77	1 70	1 97	10	3 77
21	112	5 10	1 97	31	7 38
22	112	4 70	1 97	28	6 95
38	124	5 10	1 97	31	7 38
40	125	8 25	1 97	50	10 73

Notice is hereby given that if the above mentioned arrears of taxes and costs on the above lands are not sooner paid, the same will be offered for sale in the Town Hall, in the town of Moose Jaw, on Wednesday, the twenty-eighth day of June, A.D. 1899, at 10 a.m.

Dated at Moose Jaw, in the District of Assiniboia, in the North-West Territories of Canada, this fifteenth day of April, A.D. one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

G. B. C. SHARPE,  
Secretary-Treasurer Town of Moose Jaw.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE ON TRAINS AT BOOKSTORES 56

Octavius Field.



## MANY LIVES LOST.

### A TERRIFIC HURRICANE ON THE NORTH QUEENSLAND COAST.

**Ships Thrown Up Fifty Feet on to Dry Land—Over 80 Vessels Destroyed With a Loss of Over \$520,000.**

Vancouver, B. C., April 20.—Advices received here from Australia give particulars of the terrific hurricane off North Queensland, briefly mentioned in the last Ontario paper. Authentic reports state that 160 white men and about 400 colored men were drowned. Eighty jiggers and six schooners were wrecked. The damage is estimated at \$520,000. Channel Island lightship and four men were lost at Douglas Spit. A colored man washed shore with two women after swimming for four days. Many porpoises were found at a height of fifty feet, where they were thrown up by the sea. Skiffs were embedded in trees to the depth of six inches, and rocks weighing tons were thrown up. Two colored women swam for ten hours with their children on their back, but the children were dead when landed. The colored crews behaved well. All the colored state they were powerless against the wind and sea, which was the worst ever experienced. The height of the storm seems to have been experienced on Flinders and Melville islands, where the schooners, *Sedalia*, *Silvery Wave* and *Admiral* were all lost, only one life being saved. A large number of bodies have been found and buried. Some most thrilling experiences and hardships are related, but the full extent of the loss will never be known. The force of the gale must have been awful. All trees were completely stripped of their leaves and branches. Large fish and a number of boats were thrown upon the cliffs many feet high. The beach was strewn with dead fish and birds.

## FASHIONABLE WEDDING.

**Large Crowds View the Marriage of Lady Primrose to Earl of Crewe.**

London, April 20.—Large crowds of people gathered within the precincts of Westminster Abbey to-day to witness the marriage of Lady Margaret Primrose, youngest daughter of the Earl of Rosebery, to the Earl of Crewe. Among those present in the Abbey were 600 invited guests, wearing wedding favors of marguerites and primroses, representing the bride and groom. The Earl of Rosebery gave his daughter away, the best man being the Earl of Chesterfield. Dr. Lathley and the Dean of Westminster had charge of the ceremony.

The honeymoon will be spent at Welbeck Abbey, the seat of the Duke of Portland, which has been tendered the bride and bridegroom for the occasion. Miss Mariel White, daughter of Mr. Henry White, secretary of the United States embassy, was one of the bridesmaids, the others being Lady Sybil Primrose, Annabel Crowe Milnes, Celia Grey Milnes, Cynthia Grey Milnes, the Honorable Maude Wyndham, the Hon. Margaret Wyndham, the Hon. Evelyn Rochford, Miss Louise Horsford and Lady Juliet Lowther.

Mr. and Mrs. White, were also present at the wedding, and gave the bride a diamond mounted picture frame. There was also gifts from Col. John Hay, the United States secretary of state, Mrs. John Mackay, and Mr. George Vanderbilt.

A very large crowd of people gathered in Berkeley Square, where the bride's residence is situated, and outside the Abbey the streets were impassable for an hour. The arrival of the bride and her father at the Abbey caused much excitement and cheering, during which the crowd forced its way through the police cordon. Order was restored with the greatest difficulty. The Prince of Wales and the Duke of Cambridge signed the register. The reception and luncheon at the Rosebery residence after the ceremony was attended by the Prince of Wales and others. About 500 guests were invited to view the presents afterwards. Early in the afternoon the bride and bridegroom started for Welbeck Abbey.

Lady Margaret Etienne Hannah Primrose, second daughter of the Earl of Rosebery, the former Liberal premier, was born in January, 1881. The Earl of Crewe was born in 1855 and succeeded to the title in 1885. He is educated at Harrow and at Trinity College, Cambridge. He was lord lieutenant of Ireland from 1892 to 1896. He was first married in 1890 to a daughter of Sir Frederick Ulric Graham. She died in 1897.

## A GERMAN ARRESTED.

The Commander of the *Falko* Arrested at Apla for Supplying Arms to Marafa. Victoria, B. C., April 20.—The *Aorangi* arrived here this morning from the Antipodes, and has news of the arrest of the commander of the German warship *Falko*, at Apla, by the British for supplying arms to Marafa.

According to Sava papers on the *Aorangi*, the commander of the German warship was arrested by the British at Apla and taken on board the *M. S. Porpoise*. The news reached Sava by the interisland steamer *Upolu*. He is charged with furnishing arms to the rebels under Marafa.

The *Malietoa* and *Mataafa* forces are still engaged in bush fighting. Business is at a standstill.

Since the arrest of the commander of the *Falko* no one is allowed to leave the ship without the permission of the British and Americans.

The rebels show no disposition to surrender, and the representatives of the three powers are anxiously awaiting instructions.

## Winnipeg Dragoons.

Ottawa, April 20.—It is probable that Lieut. Col. Evans will be left in the Yukon with one hundred of the men now under his command there, up to the present moment nothing is settled concerning the proposed removal of the Winnipeg Dragoons to Quebec.

The natives of New Guinea captured a trading vessel on which were two Germans. One of them suicided, and the other made his escape after a long captivity, during which he was treated as a slave. He told his story to a German commander, who ordered a warship to investigate.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Thursday, April 20.

Pneumonia is prevalent in Atlin. Primrose Day was celebrated in England.

Sir John Bourinot's stolen jewels were returned to him.

Four U. S. cricket clubs will visit Winnipeg this summer.

The senatorial fight in Pennsylvania ended in no election.

Six hundred Galicians passed through Ottawa for the west.

C. C. Goldenbrough, a famous London artist, is in Winnipeg.

A revolt against French authority has broken out in Madagascar.

J. C. Allen, the "King of the Bucket-shops," died at Hot Springs, Ark.

Miss M. Newhall, of Toronto, died from the effects of a criminal operation.

Winnipeg Humane society discussed a proposal to establish a blind asylum.

Manitoba Rugby Football association arranged the season's series of games.

The annual meeting of the Aberdeen association branch was held in Winnipeg.

Winnipeg council arranged to commence several miles of new pavements in the city.

The customs officials at Skagway are causing friction by detaining Canadian liquor.

Andrew Carnegie gave \$1,750,000 towards the cost of the Pittsburgh art gallery.

The Canadian Manufacturers' association held its annual gathering in Toronto.

A business block on Barrington street, Halifax, was destroyed by fire; loss \$75,000.

Employees of copper mines at Calumet, Mich., went out on strike; 2,500 men are affected.

Molliux, charged in New York with the murder of Mrs. Kate J. Adams, was dismissed.

Sir Chas. Tupper, Bart., had a narrow escape from injury in an Ottawa accident.

Russian students wrecked a building in St. Petersburg and were dispersed by the troops.

The Indian, Casimir, who committed a murder at Kamloops, was arrested on the reserve.

A correspondent says the streets of Dawson City are at night safer than those in Toronto.

Edward Schultz, of Montreal, has been promoted to the rank of Austro-Hungarian consul-general.

The orphan's home of Adams' county, Ind., was destroyed by fire, and three inmates lost their lives.

Ontario legislators will visit the new Ontario mining camps and the Winnipeg fair this coming summer.

L. J. Brethaupt, of Berlin, was nominated for Liberal candidate in the North Waterloo bye-election.

An attempt was made to poison the 19-year-old daughter of W. Peters, a wealthy Chicago coal merchant.

The western grain delegates at Ottawa were busy drafting the new bill for the mitigation of liquor revenue.

Surveys started at Portage la Prairie for the extension of the N. P. railway 100 miles westward from the town.

Mr. John Costigan said he voted for the Liberals' amendment as it was consistent with the Conservative record.

W. W. Sherman, president of the National Bank of Commerce, New York, was relieved of all his unmarked jewelry by a burglar.

Benj. Parrott, of Hamilton, for the murder of his mother, was sentenced at Hamilton, Ont., to be hanged on June 22nd.

The Reading Railway company, of Pennsylvania, and the National Carbon Co., of Cleveland, have raised their employees wages 10 and 15 per cent.

The Territorial assembly discussed whether members could accept government contracts, the charter for Calgary, open time for big game, and the amount paid in wolf bounty.

## SHORT MURDER TRIAL.

It Took Only a Few Hours to Decide the Fate of Ben. Parrott.

Hamilton, April 20.—Probably the shortest murder trial on record in this country was that of Benjamin Parrott, Jr., which took place in this city yesterday. The case was called at the assize court before Chief Justice Armour at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, and at 2 o'clock the jury had returned a verdict of guilty, and the prisoner had been sentenced to death. A large number of people were present, but the court room was not unduly crowded. J. J. McLaren, Q. C., of Toronto, was crown prosecutor, and Geo. L. Stanton defended the prisoner.

The crime with which Parrott was charged was that of murdering his aged mother, Bridget Parrott, on February 8th, last. It was a very revolting deed, the young man taking an axe to his mother, whose head he chopped open in several places with the weapon. The murder was committed about 5.15 o'clock in the afternoon and was witnessed by two or three persons, the woman being done to death on the sidewalk in front of her residence, from which she had been chased by her infuriated son. There was no doubt as to the deed having been done by the prisoner and the defence was insanity. A good deal of evidence was given to show that Parrott was of unsound mind and subject to fits of ungovernable rage. He and his mother were frequently drunk. He received his sentence very callously.

## Sentenced to Hang.

Hamilton, April 19.—Benjamin Parrott, Jr., was put on trial here this morning, charged with the murder of his aged mother in February last. Parrott killed his mother by battering her about the head with an axe. The defence attempted to prove by a witness that the accused was insane, but produced no medical evidence to substantiate the claim. The taking of evidence lasted only about an hour, and the judge in his address to the jury, appeared to charge against the accused.

The prisoner was found guilty and sentenced to hang on Friday, June 23rd.

## A Cool Burglar.

New York, April 19.—Wm. Winslow Sherman, the aged president of the National Bank of Commerce, had an encounter with a burglar early this morning in the bedroom of his home, on East 55th street. The burglar held up the banker with a revolver. The burglar and banker had half an hour's colloquy and the former, after collecting a couple of watches and scarf pins, left. Upon the advice of Mr. Sherman, the articles the burglar selected were left unmarked with initials. The police think that this advice on the part of the banker may make the burglar's arrest somewhat difficult.

## SKAGWAY NEWS.

### AN ACCUMULATION OF LIQUOR IN THE BONDED WAREHOUSE.

**Liquor Famine Threatened at Atlin, Log Cabin and Bennett—No Truth in the Reported Battle.**

Skagway, Alaska, April 14.—via Seattle, Wash., April 19.—The action of Deputy U. S. Collector of Customs Andrews in holding all liquors for the time being and refusing to forward them by conveyors so long as the Canadian officials insist upon stopping American officers at the Summit, has caused an accumulation in the bonded warehouse until to-day, nearly 160 tons of liquors of all kinds are awaiting the action of the secretary of the interior. Meantime a liquor famine is threatened at Atlin, Log Cabin and Bennett, and smugglers are making money. There is a strained feeling toward the Canadian officials because of their arbitrary assumption of the Summit as the boundary line, and it would not take much to cause a clash. While there is no truth in the reported battle between miners and mounted police on the boundary line in the Porcupine district, it is stated that a forward move was contemplated by the Canadians, and all arrangements were perfected to move the boundary line far enough toward the coast to embrace the rich diggings of the Porcupine river. The miners there, about 700, had determined leaders, and word was sent to the mounted police that an attempt to encroach on American territory would result in bloodshed. No move was made, however, the Canadian officials evidently reconsidered their intentions.

Victoria, B. C., April 19.—The action of Collector Andrews, of Skagway, in stopping Canadian goods at Skagway because of a dispute with the mounted police over conveyors has filled the warehouses with goods for Atlin merchants and the deadlock continues.

## MIRACULOUS ESCAPES.

Dr. Chapman, of Courtland, Miss., Tell a Tale of His Adventures.

New Orleans, La., April 19.—Dr. Chapman, of Courtland, Miss., twice reported dead, arrived here on the steamer *Franklin*, from Bluefields, Nicaragua.

Dr. Chapman, who is a surgeon in the insurgent army, tells a thrilling story of his escape from a President Zelaya's forces. He was captured on February 21, near Rama, in company of Stephen Powers, a British subject, also a member of the revolutionary army. A court martial followed their capture, the men were tried as spies, condemned, and sentenced to be shot. A strange feature of the affair was that their sentence was actually carried out. Stephen Powers fell dead at the first fire, while Chapman, merely wounded in the left arm, fell to the ground. However, believing him killed, the soldiers walked off. Dr. Chapman made his way to Bluefields.

Jack Martin, an American gunner, of San Jacinto, was captured by Zelaya's soldiers, tried and convicted, but sentence was not finally pronounced when Dr. Chapman left. Martin will undoubtedly be shot.

## Safer Than in Toronto.

Toronto, April 19.—The Globe prints a letter from its special correspondent in Dawson City, in which a high tribute is paid to the Mounted Police. He claims that Dawson's streets are safer at night than those of Toronto. Even the saloons are closed more tightly on Sunday than those of Toronto, and there has not been a single shooting scrape and not even a street fight. Col. Steele, he says, should be given a special vote of thanks by parliament.

There is a daily postal service for which improvement Col. Steele is partly responsible. Col. Steele promised at the beginning of the season that no man should starve to death in the city this winter, and he has kept his word. Col. Steele has located every crook in Dawson, and there are many of them there. The police have been able to accomplish this only because they are respected, and they are respected only because they are totally incorruptible in spite of the charges made against them.

## Consul Promoted.

Montreal, April 19.—Edward Schultz, the Austro-Hungarian consul and senior member of the firm of Edward Schultz, Son & Co., has received word from the Austro-Hungarian ambassador in London that his majesty Emperor Francis Joseph, upon the recommendation of Count Goluchowski, minister for foreign affairs for Austro-Hungary, has been pleased to decree the elevation of Mr. Schultz to the rank of consul-general.

## A Suspicious Death.

London, Ont., April 19.—The police are investigating the death of Marianna Newhall, of Toronto, which occurred at the general hospital here some days ago. The girl died from the effects of blood poisoning as the result of an operation. She said that she had paid a secret visit to Chicago a few days before being seized with the fatal malady.

## FEARS OF A FLOOD.

Montreal, April 19.—There was another shove on the river at 12.45 to-day and the water in the harbor rose to two inches above the level of Commissioners' street. The city surveyors fear a flood.

## ORPHANS' HOME BURNED.

Detroit, Ind., April 19.—The Orphan's home at Bourn was burned to-day. Three persons were killed, and several injured.

## A Successful Man.

Montreal, April 19.—W. A. Dubs, the newly appointed superintendent of the Intercolonial between St. Flavie and Montreal, was in the Grand Trunk service for the last twenty-five years, rising from the position of telegraph operator to that of train dispatcher, and at an early age as 18 years having charge of the running of trains between Montreal and Island Point, being made chief train dispatcher at the age of 23, which position he has held for fifteen years.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Wednesday, April 19.

A terrible plague is raging in Formosa.

The summer session of Manitoba college opened.

A fire in Danish West Indies city destroyed 500 houses.

Middleton, N. Y., lost its entire business district by fire.

A trades and labor delegation waited on Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

China will open San Man Bay to trade, forestalling Italian demands.

W. L. Hamilton, of the inland revenue department, Belleville, is dead.

A whiskey trust has been formed in the States, with \$150,000,000 capital.

A Finlander fatally stabbed a Swede in Sudbury, Ont., and then escaped.

The C. P. R. is building branch lines into the Boundary Creek mining camps.

Two C. P. R. express trains will leave Winnipeg for the west daily after May.

Russia is displeased with the German delegates to be sent to the peace congress.

Arthur Piset, of Montreal, was sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary.

The Territorial assembly advanced the noxious weed and the game law bills a stage.

According to statistics 250,000 Hindoos died of the bubonic plague in India.

A verdict of manslaughter was brought in by a Quebec jury in the Dickson case.

The Filipino insurgents captured several officers and men of the cruiser *Yorktown*.

Dr. Mothersill, of Port Stanley, Ont., was arrested on a charge of misappropriating funds.

Mrs. Geo. Middleton, of Winnipeg, while bicycling, was fatally injured by a runaway team.

Buffalo grainmen have no fears that the grain trade will be diverted to the St. Lawrence route.

Lord Leith's "King's Messenger" won the Great Metropolitan stakes of 1,000 sovereigns at Epsom.

Witnesses need not kiss the Bible in New York state, a bill having been passed to that effect.

Labouchere, of Truth, said the blame of the Samoan trouble, rested with the London Missionary society.

The western grainmen succeeded in having all their resolutions adopted, with slight changes, at Ottawa.

Commissioner Hercher, of the N. W. M. P., made arrangements in Winnipeg for recruiting a large number of men.

Brandon's board of trade held its second meeting in a year's time, and discussed many matters of interest to the city.

Rev. Dr. Armstrong Black, of Birkenhead, Eng., received the call from the Methodist church, Toronto, and is considering it.

The western grainmen and other delegates expressed their views on grain inspection to members of the Ottawa government.

Thousands of Chinese attacked the British camp at Tai-po-hu and were driven back by 200 British under General Gascoigne.

The agents-general of the colonies considered the British government's new tax bill in London at the request of Lord Strathcona.

The committee of members of parliament and senators favorable to prohibition at a meeting decided in favor of an enlarged Scott act.

A different construction has been put on the powers of the Samoan commission by the government's explanation in the British house of commons.

H. Patmore, a Brandon nurseryman, believes that the new Scott act is not in the interests of the Manitoba farmers or encouraging to tree planting.

## ATTEMPTED MURDER.

Miss Peters Has a Narrow Escape From Poisoning.—Police Puzzled.

Chicago, April 19.—An attempt to murder Ida Peters, the 19 year old daughter of Wm. Peters, a wealthy north side coal merchant, by placing poison in the milk she drank for her lunch, is puzzling the police. The mystery in the case was deepened when it was learned that Miss Peters is a niece of John Shoopfle, a florist, against whom Henry Roman, a prisoner at the police station, is alleged to have planned murder.

The young woman says she was alone in her father's coal office when an old woman in black entered and asked permission to wash her hands. The request was granted. The laundry behind a screen, and close to it, hidden, is a shelf on which Miss Peters kept her luncheon, including a jar of milk. After drinking a glass of the milk she noticed that the taste was peculiar. Almost immediately she was taken violently ill. She was taken home and a doctor summoned. He says the girl will recover. Both the young woman and her parents believe that an effort to take her life was planned by the aged woman, who entered the office shortly before the girl drank the milk. The physician notified the police that an analysis of the milk revealed carbolic acid.

## School Inspector Drowned.

St. Madeline, Que., April 19.—Picard, school inspector of the district of St. Hyacinthe, who was found drowned yesterday near St. Matthias, county of Rouville, left St. Jean Baptiste for his home at Richelieu on Friday evening about 7 o'clock and the accident occurred about eight miles from there. The road was overflowing with water and had not been used for about a week. When the body was found it was in about five feet of water near the bridge of the River Des Hurons and under the overturned carriage. The horse was also found drowned. No enquiry has been made by his family about his absence, as it occurred often that he was away from his home on school inspection.

## A Fatal Explosion.

Bethel Me, April 19.—The engine of the Wild River Lumber company, near camp one, on the Hastings railway, blew up yesterday and killed Engineer Harry Belmont, Fireman E. F. Johnson, Brakeman F. James. The train was not in motion at the time of the accident. The cause is unknown.

## Big Blaze at Halifax.

Halifax, April 19.—The three-story wooden business building on Barrington street, occupied by Wm. Crowe, fancy goods; W. H. Cabott, dry goods; and Angus Taylor, hats and caps, was gutted by fire this morning. Cabott and Crowe carried a large stock and Taylor also had a valuable one. The loss is placed anywhere between \$50,000 and \$75,000.

The Acadia hotel and *Mayflower* house and the *Recorder* newspaper office were slightly scorched.

## Canadian Suicides.

Vakdosta, Ga., April 18.—Robert Miller, supposed to be a plumber, originally from Toronto, but lately working at Birmingham, Ala., and Jacksonville, Fla., committed suicide by cutting his throat with a piece of glass here yesterday. He arrived here Sunday night from Jacksonville. His actions attracted the attention of the chief of police and he was locked up pending an examination into his mental condition. Yesterday morning he deliberately cut his throat with a piece of window glass. Sunday night he asked the jailer to notify his mother in Toronto if anything happened to him.

## Doctor Arrested.

St. Thomas, April 18.—Dr. Mothersill, a well known practitioner at Port Stanley, has been arrested on a charge of misappropriation of moneys left in his hands to be paid as dues on policies in the Independent Order of Foresters by members of a former lodge of that order.

## Effects of a Carouse.

Chicago, April 19.—At 1 o'clock this morning thirteen people were smothered by smoke in the small two story frame building, 642 Milwaukee avenue. The dead are: Mary Twiboy, Charles Monaghan, and Mr. Hamilton. The three people had been drinking together and it is thought that one of them upset a kerosene lamp.

## THE MARKETS.

New York, April 24.—Wheat receipts, 55,500 bushels; exports, 80,906 bushels.

Chicago, April 24.—Futures closed as follows:

Wheat—May 73; July 73 7-8.

Corn—May 34½; July 35 3-8; Sept 35 7-8.

Oats—May 26 1-2; July 24 3-8.

Pork—May \$9.60; July \$9.17½.

## WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, Port William, 73c.

Flour—Patent, \$1.90; strong bakers, \$1.60; second bakers, \$1.25; XXXX, per sack of 98 lbs. Discount of 5 per cent. for cash.

Milled—Bran, \$11, and shorts \$13 per ton in bulk; large lots, \$1 per ton less.

Ground Feed—Best oat chop, \$21 per ton; mixed barley and oats, \$18 to \$20; and wheat mixtures, \$10 to \$14.

Oil cake, \$24 per ton; ground corn, \$18 to \$20 per ton.

Oatmeal—Car lots c; rolled about 1.90 for 80 lb. sacks.

Oats—35 to 38c per bushel.

Barley—Feed, 30 to 35c per bushel or 48 lbs.; seed, 37 to 40c.

Corn—Car lots on track here, 41 to 43c.

Flax seed—80c to \$1.00 per bushel.

Butter—Creamery, 22 to 23c; dairy 5 to 16c.

Cheese—Large, 10c; small, 10½c.

Eggs—Fresh, 16c; limed, 11 to 12c.

Dressed Meats—Beef, 7 to 8c; mutton 10 to 10c; lamb, 8 to 9c; hogs 6 to 6½c; veal, 6 to 7c.

Poultry—Chickens, 10c to 12c; turkeys 10 to 12c, ducks and geese 8 to 10c.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 60c per bushel; turnips, 20 to 25c per bushel; parsnips 1½c per lb; carrots, 40c to 45c; beets 15 to 40c per bushel; celery, 50 to 75c per dozen; cabbage, 1½ to 2c per pound; onions, 2½ to 3c per lb.

Hides—No. 1, 6½c; No. 2, 5½c; kip, 6 to 6½c; calf, 8c; deepskins and lambskins, 40 to 65c; horse hides, 50c to 75c each.

Wool—Nominal, at 7 to 8½c.

Tallow—No. 1, 3½c; No. 2, 2½c to 3c.

Seneca Root—17c per pound.

Hay—Baled, \$6.50 to \$7.50 on track



## THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

MOOSE JAW, N.W.T.

### A LOST SILVER MINE.

The Man That Owned It Died With the Secret of Its Location.

About half a century ago a rich silver vein was found on the copper range south of Houghton, and the silver excitement throughout Houghton county was at fever heat. Everybody had the craze, but there was only one man who knew the whereabouts of the vein. At the time above mentioned a trapper and hunter named Draper brought into Houghton a number of very rich silver specimens, but where they came from he never told, and the secret always remained a secret with him. He was known to be making his home in the vicinity of Penn mine, on the south range, with the Indians, who were very numerous in this part of the country.

It was not a great while after Draper made this trip to Houghton that he got into trouble with the Indians, shot one of them and escaped from the country. He returned some years later, and, taking a partner, went into the woods again. The two remained there, coming to town for provisions from time to time and bringing as much silver in nuggets as they could carry. When the war broke out, Draper's partner enlisted in the first company that left Houghton and was killed in the battle of Bull Run. Draper remained in the woods and died there, carrying the secret of the big silver find with him to the other world.

A few years after Draper's death Ignatius Zeber, who was conducting a tailoring establishment in L'Anse, having removed there from Houghton, got the silver craze and gave up his business to search for Draper's mine. During the 20 years that have passed since that time Zeber, or as he is more familiarly known to those who frequent the woods, "Silver Fritz," has remained at the Penn mine, in the vicinity of which Draper was supposed to have located the silver, but whether he has succeeded in locating the coveted silver mine is not known. Some think he has, but the majority who know him say they are positive he has not. The old man, for he is now about 80 years of age, is often seen by hunklookers, who say that he resembles a wild man very much, his hair and full beard being long and shaggy, his clothes old and torn and his person very poorly kept. A stranger would not have the nerve to pass him in the road, but to those who know him he is as meek as a lamb, and all say he would injure no one.

Besides Zeber several parties have spent months at a time scouring the woods, but no one has obtained even a glimpse of anything that looks like silver, and all gave up the hunt in disgust.

With the opening up of the old mines as well as many new ones on the range between Houghton and Ontonagon the question is asked, "Is it not probable that Draper's find will be discovered?" It is a well known fact that the old belt mine, which, together with the Penn mine, is now under option to Chicago capitalists, produced considerable silver when last worked, and it may be that the Chicago people or those owning the land in close proximity to theirs will have the good fortune to locate what is said to be one of the richest silver veins in the country.—Detroit News

### Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

#### The Stars and Stripes.

Gazley—A great deal of fun is made of Delaware for retaining the whipping post, but there is something patriotic about it.

Snooper—Indeed! Please explain. Gazley—Why, the culprit is made to see stars when the stripes are well laid on.—Harlem Life

#### Invitation Accepted.

Mr Saphend—I've got a fad, too, don't ye know. I collect old and rare violins. Come around and see 'em.

Musician—Do you play?

Mr Saphend—Bless you, no; not a note.

Musician (enthusiastically)—I will come.—New York Weekly.

#### He Felt It Too.

"I hear your gettin' fired from school raised a big breeze at your house," said Willie Spratt.

"Yes," replied Tommy Burns, shifting uncomfortably in his chair "It was what the yacht fellers call a spanking breeze."—Philadelphia North American.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.



**FREE SEWING MACHINES**  
—FOR—  
**ROYAL CROWN SOAP**  
Wrappers and Coupons.  
3 NEW WILLIAMS DROP HEAD  
VALUE \$65.00 EACH.

Given Away Weekly, Viz:  
WINNIPEG, Outside of Winnipeg, ONE  
N.W. Territories and Ontario, points  
east to Schreiber, ONE  
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR A COUPON.  
No employee of the Soap Works allowed to  
compete.

## AN ESSAY ON BANKS.

SHY AIRS HIS VIEWS ON SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS.

Tells of the Trouble One Made For a Friend of His, and How He Finally Ventured to Open an Account in One.

Bank accounts are skittish things. Why, I know a fellow who had a bank account, and then he hadn't. He put something like umpty'steen and six dollars in the grasping hand of a receiving teller. He was given a checkbook. He checked and checked on that account until he finally received official notice from a deputy sheriff that the account had long been drawn down to a vacuum. My friend insisted on checking on the vacuum, and now he is checked for a brief stay in the state institute for gentlemen who forget that all deeds should be good and not bad.

I have a bank account. I went into the savings institution at the corner of Blank and — streets with money in my pocket and my hand on it. I approached the receiving teller.

"I'm Shy," I said in the nature of an introduction.

"Then you do not want to come around here," he responded. "We don't want any galoots coming in here that can't pay their way. We're shy enough ourselves. Why, the officers have not raised a salary in years, and what with coal bills and pork accounts we are always shy."

I explained to the dapper gentleman with the money colored countenance that my name was Shy. "Tell me something about deposits, will you?"

"The bank is the safest in the city," he commenced to warble. "Our capital stock is \$1,000,000. We pay 3 per cent interest when we cannot get around doing otherwise. Every six months we figure interest on your smallest balance. We'll receive as little as a dollar from an applicant, and after the books are opened with you we'll take as much as a thousand."

"Oh, now, look here!" I returned with asperity. "I'm not going to give you a thousand of my hard earned plunks right on the spot. I've been thinking this thing over. I have exactly 151."

"One hundred and fifty-one dollars makes a first rate start for any one," he interrupted.

"Who said anything about dollars?" I demanded. "I was about to remark that I had 151 cents that the children had saved, and I have concluded to trust it with you. If the money is here at the end of a year and you pay the 3 per cent interest, as you advertise, then I may be induced to double my deposit."

I made my deposit. I received the bankbook with the credit of \$1.51. Every time I go down town I take a glance—a casual glance—at the corner of Blank and — streets to see if my bank is still there. Up to this writing it has not moved an inch.

Since I started my bank account I've got to be a regular capitalist. I swell around with my overcoat buttoned up and carry my gloves in my left hand. I talk to everybody I meet about purchasing real estate, and I have no less than 27 deals on the string. One of these days I'll blossom out as a full fledged financier. If business keeps up, I think I'll take a run out to St. Louis in 1903 and run an opposition exposition.

### Mistaken Identity.



Gran'ma—What on earth ails these 'ere shirt buttons, I wonder? Every time I puts the needle through 'em to sew 'em on they splits an flies all to bits.

Gladys Irene—Boo-o-o-o! Them ain't shirt buttons. Them's my peppermint lozenges.—Ally Sloper.

### A Clean Record.

In pleading for the release of her son, who had been taken in the toils of the law, a Georgia mother said:

"Thar's never been nuthin' ag'in him, yer honor. He's allus shrunk from the public gaze. He never has run fer congress, he never wuz in the legislature, an' has allus worked fer his livin'!"

Why He Wouldn't Subscribe.  
Jinks—How's this? Why are you not willing to subscribe something toward a monument to Columbus, the discoverer of America?

Winks (suffering from rheumatism, sore throat, catarrh, bronchitis and a touch of the grip)—Because if he hadn't discovered America I wouldn't have been born in this climate.—New York Weekly

### Magazine Work.

The Poet's Wife—Algernon, I wish you would—

The Poet—Please don't break my train of thought. I am writing a poem for the midsummer number of The Fiddlesticks Magazine, and the editor says unless I have it ready by 11 o'clock tomorrow he will have to close the forms without it.—Chicago News

**CANCER CAN BE CURED**  
NO KNIFE—NO PLASTER.  
DEPT. W. N. ABBOTT,  
MYRON MASON MEDICAL CO.,  
577 Sherbourne Street, Toronto.

## TWO FAMOUS FRENCH CORPS.

A Contest of Nerve Between the Zouaves and the Chasseurs.

A famous corps, says a writer in Chuma is that of the French zouaves, whose picturesque uniform, consisting of baggy red trousers, short, blue braided jacket, gal-ters and close fitting cap (a sort of fez) has been seen in many great battles. The zouaves gained their richest laurels during the Crimean war, at which time the corps, although supposed only to consist of Frenchmen, had attracted to its ranks many young men of other nations—English, Scotch, Irish, Germans and Italians. Many of these, no doubt, were soldiers of fortune, anxious to serve in a body the fame of which was worldwide.

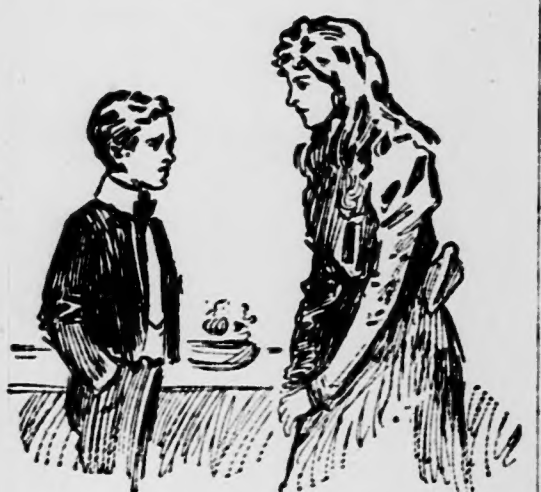
But France was not to enjoy the monopoly of a zouave corps, for some ten years later, when the American civil war broke out, two bodies of American zouaves were formed, one by the Federals, the other by the Confederates. They were uniformed much after the French style and gained a great reputation for dash and courage. This was particularly the case with the Confederate zouaves, who were known as the Louisiana Tigers.

When the French zouaves were serving in Africa, they had one day to perform a long and terrible march in the blistering sun. The chasseurs a pied, a corps of famous marchers, were with them, but the soldiers of both corps were ready to sink with hunger, thirst and exhaustion. Toward evening they arrived at a town, and the colonel of the chasseurs appealed to his men to enter the place in a style worthy of French soldiers.

The men responded bravely, and with bugles sounding they marched in with a light, springy step, looking as little as possible like men who were half dead with fatigue. This was too much for the zouaves. They had suffered, if possible, worse than the chasseurs, but at the command of their colonel they braced themselves up and, although ready to drop, entered the town on the run, swinging their muskets round their heads, that being an evolution of the zouave drill. They had "gone one better" than the chasseurs.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Everything's Advancing.



"Have you forgotten, Bertie, that when I promised to be your sweetheart you said you'd never dance with any other girl?"

"I know that right enough, but I was awfully young at the time, remember"—Ally Sloper

## His Phraselogy.

"Do you think Russia and Great Britain will disarm?" asked the Anglo-Saxon caller.

"Really," answered Li Hung Chang, who of course does not understand elegant distinctions in English, "I don't know that it makes much difference to me what they do with their arms so long as their legs remain in pulling distance."—Washington Star.

## C. C. Richards & Co.

Dear Sirs,—For some years I have had only partial use of my arm, caused by a sudden strain. I have used every remedy without effect, until I got a sample bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT. The benefit I received from it caused me to continue its use, and now I am happy to say my arm is completely restored. R. W. HARRISON. Glamis, Ont.

The winners of the sewing machines in the Royal Crown Soap Co.'s competition for the week ending April 15th are as follows: Winnipeg, Mrs. Johnson, 294 Fountain St.; Manitoba, Mrs. Bray, Logoch; North West Territories, Miss H. J. Wrighton, Wapella. The Royal Crown Soap Co. will continue this competition, giving away three machines each Monday until further notice.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

HIGH GRADE PLOWS, SEEDING MACHINES, Carriages, Wagons, Barrows, Windmills, &c. COCKSHUTT FLOW CO., Winnipeg.

**HOME STUDY**  
Instruction in shorthand, book-keeping, Arithmetic, Writing, Business Correspondence, Practical Grammar, Commercial Law, Etc., given at home. If you cannot afford the time or money to attend a regular College to prepare for the duties of life, why waste your evenings when thorough instruction can be given you by mail. Full particulars on application.  
Address G. W. DONALD, Sec'y, Winnipeg School of Correspondence. Affiliated with Winnipeg Business College, Winnipeg, Man.

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General Insurance Agent

**FIRE Companies Represented:**  
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All classes of insurance transacted, and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

## GRAND JEWEL COOK STOVES

Buy and use them and you will be delighted with results. If not satisfied money refunded. Manufactured by Barrow, Stewart & Mills, Hamilton, Can.  
Ask your dealer for GRAND JEWEL. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

You might as well compare a  
Yound Lin Railway with a  
corduroy road as Blue  
Ribbon Berylton with any  
other tea

## REPUBLIC MINING STOCKS.

I invite the intending purchaser to write for "Republic Mining Camp" a copy of my recent publication, entitled "This is a little effort of mine dealing with one of the richest gold-producing areas in the world. I am exceptionally well informed as to progress of events at Republic, and I can post any enquirer and advise any intending purchaser. At present I can recommend Lone Pine, Butte and Boston, Princess Maud, Reindeer and Jumbo. E. GARTLY PARKER, Mining Broker, 12 Adelaide St. E., Toronto.

## GLASSES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED AND ONE WEEK TO TRY THEM

Give symptoms and duration of defect. How is general health? Is distant vision good in each eye? At what time of life were you first affected? Our scientific process defies competition. Gold, \$3.50; Gold Plated, \$2.50; Nickel, \$1.50. These prices cover everything; all goods guaranteed as advertised. State kind and style of frame—straight temple or around ear or in nose. On receiving your order, enclosing fee, we will send you your glasses safely packed, post paid, with written balance in one week if satisfaction or, 5 per cent of value of three or more.

**WINNIPEG OPTICAL SPECIALISTS CO.**  
OFFICE: 492 MAIN STREET.

## Can't Get Away



And you Can't Get Away from the FACT that

## WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER

Is What You OUGHT to use BECAUSE OF

IT'S PURITY  
"STRENGTH"  
"CHEAPNESS."

25 CENTS PER LB. CAN.

## THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.

LOCAS, STEELE & BRISTOL Circle Teas  
Importers of Groceries L. S. & B. Coffers  
White Sts. Hamilton, Ont. L. S. & B. Spices

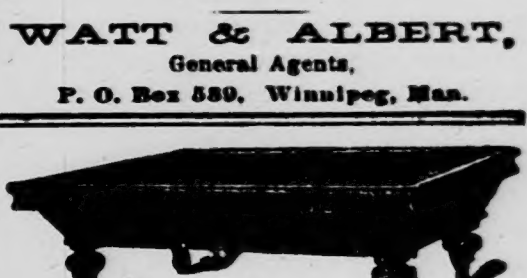
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Can you afford to be without a Safe when you can get one from \$15.00 up.

**WILSON'S COMPUTING SCALES,**  
ALSO  
**BAKERS' AND BUTCHERS' SUPPLIES.**

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General Agents,  
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NEW AND SECOND-HAND,  
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Large catalogue free.

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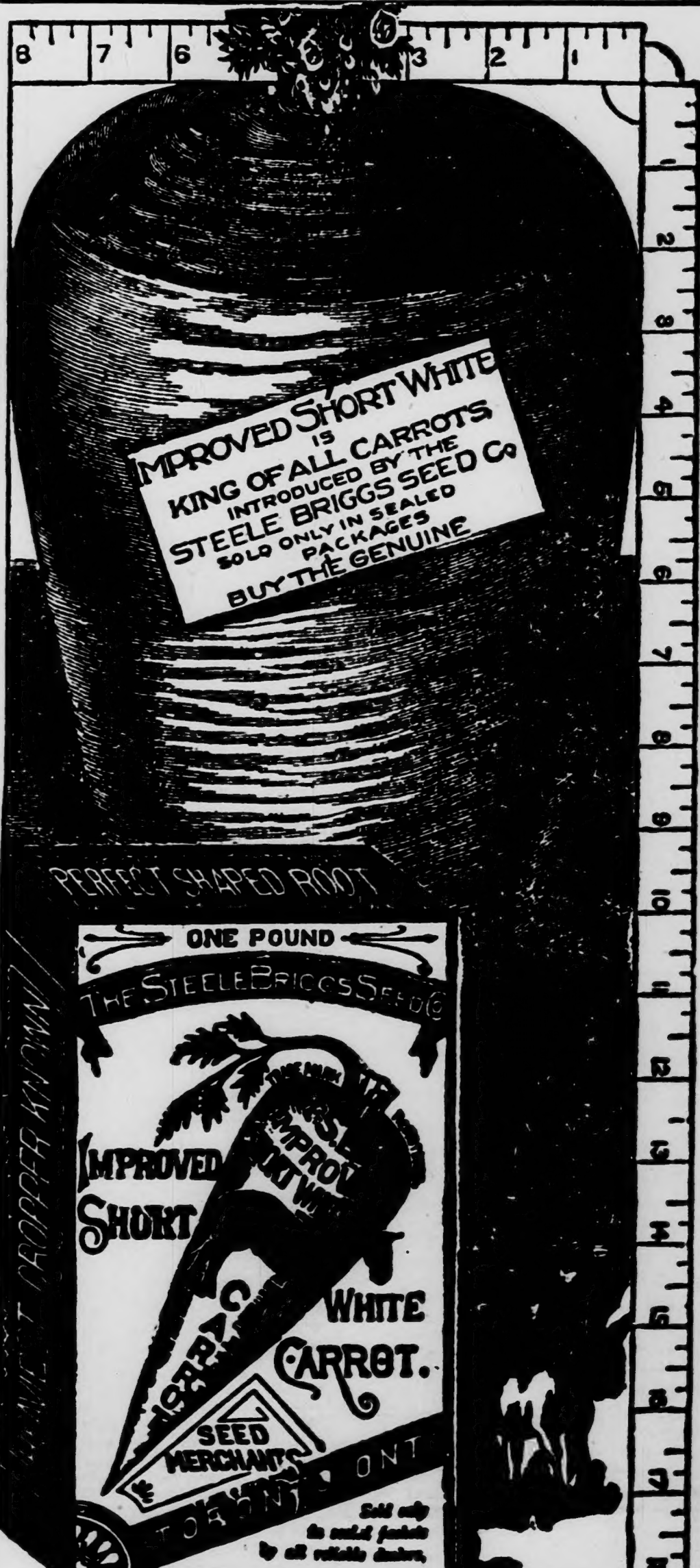
In every Municipality in the Province of Manitoba.

LOW PRICES. EASY TERMS.

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**NABES & ROBINSON**  
Bank of Hamilton Building  
Box 1265 WINNIPEG, MAN.

## "CANADA'S GREATEST SEED HOUSE"



## The Steele, Briggs Seed Co.'s

Enormous annual trade in Farm and Garden Seeds has been attained by 26 years of constant vigilance and care, and in supplying merchants and growers with the very highest standard of quality that can be procured, and at most favorable prices consistent with "Good Seeds," which is the first essential for a good crop.

Among our many introductions of merit

## The Steele, Briggs' Improved Short White CARROT

Is the...  
**World's Champion**

Because it is the Surest Cropper  
The Heaviest Yields  
Easiest Harvested  
The Handsomest Shaped Roots  
And the Very Best Field Carrot in existence

As an Exhibition Prize Winner it is the Peer

Price (post-paid) per lb., 45c.; 1/2 lb., 25c.; 1/4 lb., 15c.; oz., 10c.

PLEASE NOTE.—As a safeguard to growers, we supply the genuine "Improved Short White" Carrot in sealed packages only, printed in colors and bearing our name and trade mark as shown in the illustration. If your resident merchant cannot supply you, write to us for it. Refuse imitations of our packages and varieties said to be "just as good."

## NEW... Danish White Oats

A remarkably heavy-yielding variety, produces strong, stiff straw, large, plump, heavy, bright grain with thin hull, and adapted to a great diversity of soils; withstands stormy weather without lodging or shelling.

Price by mail (post-paid) per lb., 15c.; 4 lbs. for 50c., or by freight 10c. or express (purchaser paying carriage) pack 25c.; bush, 80c.; 10 bush, lots or over, 75c. per bush. Cotton bags, holding 25 bush., at 15c. each.

Write for our Catalogue, containing descriptions and prices of the newest and best Field and Garden Seeds. Please mention this paper.

"Canada's Greatest Seed House"  
**The STEELE, BRIGGS SEED CO.,**  
TORONTO, ONT. Limited



# THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street.  
Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

## THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 50c.; subsequent insertions 25c. each. All transient advertisements, such as By-laws, Mortgage and Sheriff Sales, Assignments and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 12c. per line; subsequent insertions 8c.—solid nonpareil measurement.

### JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

## The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ,—  
Would it were worthier!" —Byron.

FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1899.

J. Y. Griffin & Co., pork-packers, Winnipeg, have issued the following circular to the farmers of Manitoba and the Territories, which should be of interest to our readers:—"Why not raise more hogs? It seems to us this branch of agriculture is being very much neglected, as the supply of hogs is very much smaller this year than for many years. It certainly seems strange that the importation of cured meats and lard from the United States to Winnipeg alone in 1898 should amount to 1,919,784 pounds, and in addition to this there were also large quantities brought in from Eastern Canada. Please bear in mind this was only to Winnipeg. Cured meats and lard imported to other Manitoba and North-West points and British Columbia were simply enormous. To-day, March 15th, we are receiving dressed hogs for our packing house from Western Ontario, and paying \$1.65 for them f.o.b. Ontario points. Prices on hogs to day in Chicago run from 3½ to 4c live weight. Now, if these prices pay Ontario and American farmers, and it must be so, the quantity raised would not increase as rapidly as it does, then with the abundance of cheap feed in Manitoba almost every year, it certainly would pay to raise hogs in Manitoba. We have no desire to dictate to farmers as to what they should do in their own business, but we would like to inform them that we have in Winnipeg a plant for handling live and dressed hogs, complete in every respect, with a capacity to handle 500 hogs per day, that at the present time it is only running about one-tenth of the time. There are a number of other firms engaged in the packing trade, and the competition in buying is probably as keen in Winnipeg as in any eastern market. Manitoba and British Columbia are large consumers of bacon, ham and lard, and our experience is that they very much prefer Manitoba products, but cannot get them, and the Americans are, in the meantime supplying these markets. Although wheat growing is the staple crop in Manitoba, and the crop that has made our Province famous, yet there are years when farmers would make more money out of this wheat by feeding a portion of it to hogs than by selling it at low prices. Again, when we remember how easy it is for farmers in Manitoba to raise oats and barley, the best food products for raising and fattening hogs, there should be no break in the number of hogs raised, even in the years when all our wheat is No. 1 hard and the price is high. If farmers will raise the hogs, the packing houses in Manitoba will see to it that every hog offered for sale will be purchased, Manitoba and British Columbia markets supplied, and the money go into the pockets of Manitoba farmers instead of, as at present, into the pockets of American and Ontario farmers."

Regina Standard:—The residents of the District of Moose Jaw are alive to their own best interests and seem fully determined to let the Government hear from them as to their several requirements. We have been favored with copies of carefully prepared memorials that are being forwarded from that locality to Ottawa. The first of these is in reference to the Seed Grain Bonds. \* \* \* The petitioners pray that each be only charged for what he personally received, and that the bad debts be borne by the Dominion rather than by settlers who through feelings of compassion and humanity came to the relief of unfortunate neighbors. This is precisely the ground that The Standard has always occupied regarding the subject. It is fair and reasonable ground. All districts interested should at once circulate like petitions. Dr. Douglas is moving in the matter and his hands would be strengthened by the active backing of the people. A matter of such importance to them. The second memorial has reference to the question of adequate water supply. This is undoubtedly a problem

for Federal rather than local solution. The Dominion Government, and with it the landed corporations, are the parties interested in the sale and settlement of lands. Why should Boards of Trade and the business men of towns and villages be expected to find water on Government and corporation lands? The interest charged on pre-emptions is the subject of the third memorial. \* \* \* Two other memorials have reference to tree planting and prairie fires. The Department of the Interior should lose no time in taking active cognizance of these several matters. The North-West is more important than the Yukon.

The Railway Committee of the Privy Council has made a decision of considerable importance in the prospective struggle of the Standard Oil Trust for discriminative rates. Although the open discriminations on local traffic were withdrawn on an appeal to the committee, it was argued that there was no power to deal with through rates on traffic originating outside the Dominion. The latest decision is to the effect that the committee has jurisdiction over through freight to the extent of the portion which is applicable to carriage in Canada, and that such freight is subject to the provisions of the railway act of 1888. Another important decision was also reached by this committee last week. The Bedlington & Nelson railway applied for running powers over 8½ miles of the C.P.R. The engineers had agreed that the cost of paralleling the C.P.R. at this point would be \$31,000 a mile. Judge Clark for the C.P.R. contended that in fixing the terms the C.P.R. did not consider the applicants should be allowed to make use of this paying stretch of their line without bearing a proportion of the cost of approaches on either side passing through the less profitable part of country. The Minister of Railways did not seem to favor this view at all, and wondered how it was to be ascertained whether certain portions of the road was particularly remunerative or otherwise. The decision of the committee was unanimously announced granting the principle of the application. As to the matter of terms neither party was prepared to make a definite proposal. It was judged wisest to give them a month to come to an arrangement.

The annual report of the Manitoba Department of Education shows that the school population of that province for 1898 was 57,431, and the total number of pupils registered 44,070, of which 88 were under 5 years of age, 43,825 between 5 and 21 years, and 157 were over 21 years. The average attendance was 24,958. The school population in 1897 was 51,178. The number of teachers employed last year was 1,301, of which 654 were male and 647 female. There were 25 collegiate teachers, 224 first-class, 653 second-class, 379 third-class, and 4 intern certificates. The total number of teachers who received certificates was 1,209. The number of teachers in 1897 was 1,197. The highest salary paid to teachers last year was \$1,800, and the average salary was \$433.80 against \$495.21 in 1897. The average salary in cities and towns was \$562.69; and the highest in rural schools \$700, with an average of \$397.21 against \$750 and \$484.48 the year previous. The total receipts for the year were \$1,098,796, against \$825,774 in 1897. Of this amount \$175,874.28 was legislative grant, while \$922,925 was raised by municipal taxation. The expenditure was \$1,011,368.

Indian Head Vidette.—We have received from the Moose Jaw Agricultural Society a series of seven memorials dealing with live questions of the day. On some of them, notably seed grain bonds and obtaining of pure water, some very good suggestions are made. With these we can thoroughly agree. The only one for the suppression of prairie fires, and obtaining a revenue for the Dominion government are so extreme and impractical that we have ever heard of before. We cannot at first sight express unqualified approval of them. There is such an expense attached to the former (the creation of a fire police corps) and an almost certain lack of power to secure the latter (a demand for fifty thousand square miles of Yukon territory for revenue purposes only) that they seem entirely beyond our reach. However, the memorials are worth considering taken as a whole and bespeak very great activity for the Moose Jaw society.

Ian MacLaren writes on "The Art of Listening to a Sermon," in the May Ladies' Home Journal, the first article of a series on the relations of the pulpit and the pew which he will contribute to that magazine. This author-preacher writes that the regular church-goer has a great advantage over the "casual" in comprehending the minister's discourse, nearly half the beauties and points of a sermon being lost if they fall on untrained ears. Hearing requires as much effort as preaching, says Ian MacLaren, for "no sermon is worth hearing into which the preacher has not put his whole strength, and no sermon can be heard aright unless the hearer gives his whole strength as well."

In another column there is published a list of lands in the town of Moose Jaw to be sold by the Dominion Government. In previous sales the land was sold one in deed, there being only fourteen lots against 156 last year. While this is

# "EASTER."

Spring is here again and it finds "The People's Store" well stocked with a splendid assortment of goods in all lines. We have studied the needs of our many customers, and as most of our spring goods are now in we feel sure a look through our spring stock will please you.

## BOOTS & SHOES.

We have in stock some nobby Boots and shoes from "The Tetrault Shoe Co., of Montreal; "J. D. King," of Toronto; and "J. McPherson," of Hamilton. In coarse boots we have some splendid values.

## FANCY BELTS.

We have something new in fancy belts, boys, ladies and gents. These goods are all the rage on the other side just now.

## HATS & CAPS.

Every boy and man will want a tweed cap or felt hat. Call and see our lines. We ordered one for you. Come try it.

Remember the place:

"The People's Store."

## R. BOGUE.

A Call solicited.  
No trouble to show goods.

largely accounted for by the improved method of collection of taxes under the new municipal ordinance, still it is a very creditable record for a town the size of Moose Jaw, and can be taken as another evidence of prosperity, as it goes to show that the taxpayers have a stronger faith in their real estate holdings.

Canada is preparing to make an exhibit at the Paris Exposition next year which will be a credit both to the country and the people responsible therefor. Dr. Saunders has been charged with the arrangement of vegetables, cereals and fruits, and is particularly capable of fulfilling the duties assigned him. In answer to a question the other day in the Commons the minister of agriculture said that a separate exhibit would be arranged for the North West.

In accordance with the municipal ordinance, the town Council this week publishes the auditor's report for 1898 in another column of THE TIMES. This is as it should be, as it enables the ratepayers to form a better idea of the

financial position of the town than they otherwise could. Would it not be a good plan for all those interested in municipal matters to clip the reports and preserve them from year to year in a scrap book for the purpose?

Moose Jaw Spectator: We have received from the Moose Jaw Agricultural Society copies of several memorials to the Minister of the Interior relating to Prairie Fires, Tree Planting, Interest on Pre-emption, Scarcity of Good Water, and Seed Grain Bonds. The memorials can not be said to be modest in their petitions, but it may be well to ask largely if at all.

At Monday's meeting of the Council the Inspector was instructed to notify all ratepayers to clean up their back yards, and if the work is not done within a reasonable time, the Council will undertake it and charge the expense thereof to the owner. Evidently this means business.

An order has been passed by the Dominion Government prohibiting the im-

portation of liquor into the Yukon territory for the present. Deputy Minister Smart has wired Collector Milne at Victoria telling him to advise all persons who have received permits or contemplate taking liquor into that territory, accordingly.

The Canada North-West Land Company's sales for last month amounted to \$40,350 for 7,500 acres, and for the quarter \$70,000 for 13,000 acres, which is better by \$20,000 than the corresponding sales for last year.

### The Coming of Baby.

When a baby comes to a house real happiness ensues. The care and anxiety count for nothing against the clinging touch of the little hands and the sound of the little voice. The highest function given to human beings is bringing healthy happy children into the world. Over thirty years ago the needs of women appealed to Dr. Pierce, now chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N.Y. The result of his study improved by thirty years of practice is embodied in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It strengthens, purifies and makes healthy the organs distinctly feminine. It gives weak women the strength and health necessary for the production of healthy children and it makes the bearing of those children easy. It is sure to cure any weakness or derangement peculiar to women: stops pain, soothes inflammation, strengthens, purifies, invigorates.

### CHAPTER II.

1. Behold the rugged beauty of the ripe pineapple!
2. Its rough, horny husk holds the pulpy reservoir of a wondrous balm for dyspepsia.
3. From the rich juices of the fruit the fruit pepsin is extracted—
4. And this precious extract is the vital principle in Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets, which cure dyspepsia and indigestion in every form.
5. In boxes of vest-pocket size, each box containing sixty tablets. This boon to dyspeptics may be had at all druggists for 35 cents.
6. How quickly the dyspeptic system responds to the right cure!
7. The first tablet encourages you to eat what you like, and corrects heartburn, sour stomach and all the distressing disorders of indigestion.
8. And quite frequently permanent cures are effected with the sixty tablets in a single box, which all druggists sell for 35 cents.

## Farms for Sale!

Many being largely improved.

SE.....	34	15	24	W 2
S.....	24	15	25	"
NW 14 and NE.....	15	15	25	"
N.....	18	16	25	"
SE.....	32	17	25	"
NE.....	32	18	25	"
NW.....	16	16	26	"
S.....	6	17	26	"
SE.....	24	17	26	"
NE.....	12	18	26	"
NW.....	16	16	27	"
N.....	24	16	27	"
NE.....	28	16	27	"
NE.....	36	16	27	"
SE.....	12	17	28	"

Those marked \* are also to rent.

PRICES REASONABLE, TERMS EASY.

Correspondence invited and promptly answered.

G. A. MUTTLEBURY,

459 Main St., Winnipeg.

## Improved Farms For Sale.

N.W. 14	16-16-25	\$ 600
S.E. 14	12-17-26	500
S.E. 14	20-17-25	1000
S.W. 14	34-17-25	1000
N.W. 14	28-15-25	600
S.E. 14	16-17-25	600
S.E. 14	34-16-25	500
N.W. 14	4-18-27	500

(All west of the 2nd Meridian.)

Also some town property and dwellings. Liberal terms for payment will be granted. For further particulars apply to

J. H. GRAYSON.

Ag't B. C. L. & I. Co.  
Homestead entries made and maps showing lands open for entry can be seen at my office. First class brick dwelling for sale.

## Land Titles Act 1894.

Under and by virtue of the Land Titles Act 1894, and in pursuance of the direction of the Honorable Mr. Justice Richardson, the following town property is offered for sale at the law office of William Grayson, at Moose Jaw, viz: Lot number Eight (8) in Block number 25 in the town of Moose Jaw in the North-West Territories.

Notice is hereby given that in default of sale before the date hereinafter mentioned an application will be made to the presiding Judge in Chambers at the Court House in the town of Regina on Monday, the twenty-ninth day of May, 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, or so soon thereafter as Chambers can be held, for an absolute order of foreclosure, absolutely foreclosing any interest the mortgagee or any person under him may have in the lands in question.

Dated the 12th day of April, 1899.  
WILLIAM GRAYSON,  
Advocate for Mortgagee.

### FARM FOR SALE.

Farm for sale, eighty acres under cultivation and good farm house thereon. Apply to W. B. WILLOUGHBY, Moose Jaw.

## BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

W. M. GRAYSON, Barrister, Advocate, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc. Office Main St., Moose Jaw, N. W. T. Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Company, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw Town Site.

W. B. WILLOUGHBY, B.A. L.L.B. Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, & Solicitor for Union Bank of Canada. Bellamy Block Moose Jaw Assa

T. C. JOHNSTONE, Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, &c. Office: Cor. South Ry. & Rose Sts., Regina.

TURNBULL & McCULLOCH. Office in Bole's block, cor. Main and River streets.

A. R. TURNBULL, M.D., C.M. J. W. McCulloch, M.D.

S. W. RADCLIFFE, M.D. Physician and Surgeon.

Office at Colling's Drug Store, Main Street.

D. R. P. F. SIZE, L.D.S., M.R.C.D.S. SURGEON DENTIST. Moose Jaw, Assa. Office, Bellamy's Block. Open 6th to 20th each month. For time in town during the remainder of each month see card on office door. All branches in dentistry skillfully performed.

H. McDUGALL, Registrar, Moose Jaw District, for Births, Marriages and Deaths.

SEYMOUR GREEN, Registrar, Etc., Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Homestead Entries made. Fire Insurance. Farms and other lands for sale. Town lots for sale.

O. B. FISH, Auctioneer and Valuator.

Manitoba Street, Moose Jaw, Assa.

J. A. McDONALD, BLACKSMITH.

Manufacturer of McDonald's Weed Destroyer and Cultivator.

High Street, West, Moose Jaw, Assa.

## Farms for Sale! McDonald

## & Riddell.

## LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLES

First class rigs and good driving horses to hire on reasonable terms. Draying done to all parts of the town. Best accommodation for the general public.

McDonald & Riddell, High St., Moose Jaw.

## Fire Insurance.

Phoenix of England —Capital Twenty Million!

Northern of England —Capital Thirty-Six Million (\$36,000,000.00)

Hartford of America —Capital Thirty-Six Million (\$36,000,000.00)

The Manitoba Assurance Company —A home Fire Insurance company established 1880.

Your fire insurance carried for one year without payment of premiums on all risks.

Seymour Green.

### ROOMS TO LET.

Two well furnished rooms to let. Terms moderate. Situated on Main Street. Apply to J. P. CALLIN.

## HOME WORK FOR FAMILIES.

We want a number of families to do work for us at home, whole or spare time. The work we send our workers is quickly and easily done, and returned by parcel post as finished. Good money made at home. For particulars ready to commence send name and address. THE STANDARD SUPPLY CO., Dept. E, LONDON, ONT.



# FARMERS! ATTENTION!

This spring the undersigned wishes to announce to the farmers of the Moose Jaw District that he has secured the agency for the Frost & Wood implements, including Binders, Mowers, Rakes, Drills, Disc and Square Harrows, etc., etc., and is therefore in a position to sell you

**THE VERY BEST IMPLEMENTS AT  
THE VERY LOWEST PRICE.**

We have just received a car load of celebrated Moline Plows—"The Flying Dutchman," and "Good Enough." Also two car loads of the best Buggies manufactured and a car load of Chatham Wagons—the farmers favorite,—and about 60 set of first class double and single harness. We sell on easy terms and can take stock in exchange.

**ALEX. WILSON,**  
The Farmers Friend.  
High Street, Moose Jaw.

## THE DEBATE CONCLUDED.

### "BOLTING" IN THE PARTY RANKS.

**Our Neighbors Do Not Like the Preferential Clause—It's Not Such a Sham After All—The Mischief of Another Silly Canard.**

OTTAWA, April 22, 1899.—In view of all that has been said and written during the past twelve months and more, in opposition to a commercial reciprocal arrangement with the United States and in view also of the wilful scepticism professed in some quarters as to the effectiveness of the preferential policy of our Government, a statement from Buffalo which has appeared in the newspapers this week is exceedingly well worth some attention. The statement in question is to the effect that an organization representing 20,000 business houses in all parts of the United States has appealed to the American members of the Joint High Commission to grant more liberal concessions to Canada in return for the nearest possible approach to free trade between the two countries declaring the belief that the lower the obstructive barriers along the frontier is, the better it will be for the prosperity of both countries.

#### "THE POWER OF THE PULL."

The conditions of political warfare on the other side of the line are well understood by Canadians, for the immense pressure that is brought to bear upon a government by the local or personal interests of considerable portions of the electorate or of wealthy corporations, has unfortunately too exact a duplication here for us to be unfamiliar with its baneful effects. The battle is to the strong to a peculiarly harmful degree, and the biggest pull can always show the biggest results. Practically, therefore, the matter narrows itself down to the question whether such an organization referred to above, composed of 20,000 commercial enterprises throughout the country, represents sufficient voting power to influence the action of the commission. This may be a somewhat harsh way of expressing it, but facts are sometimes unpleasantly harsh, and these are the facts.

#### NOT SUCH A SHAM AFTER ALL.

Then upon the question of the preferential tariff. The persistent contention of Oppositionists that it is only a sham

preference, and that its effects are more theoretical than actual is pretty conclusively answered by the position taken in this some appeal. This association of practical business men declares, after reference to the provisions of the preferential clause, "that in these days of large sales and small returns, when the differences of fractions of a cent determine whether trade transactions shall take place, the differential given to the English merchant constitutes considerably more than the average profit in an ordinary mercantile transaction." "It does not seem at all likely," continues the appeal, "that we can hold our trade under the pressure of such a material difference as this. The Canadian trade as we have enjoyed it in the past on a parity with England, is a possession the retention of which fully warrants the making of liberal concessions." A practical remedy for the threatened extinction of their trade with Canada is suggested in the following sentence: "If you can obtain for the business men of the United States the same preferential in duty of 25 per cent, which the English merchants and manufacturers enjoy it will probably be all we, in our country, need to maintain and increase the great trade we now have with the Dominion."

#### NONE TOO READY TO CONCEDE.

When, however, the appeal gets down to detail and outlines more fully the petitioners idea of the concessions that should be granted to secure the freer trade and that preference, it becomes clearly apparent that the views held in the two countries are still startlingly wide apart. There is still too much of the spirit of "What is yours is mine, and what is mine is my own." It is of course satisfactory to know that our good neighbors are fast realizing that Canada has that to offer which they badly need, and is every whit as well able to hold their own as they are. Surely, however, with both sides appreciating and acknowledging the tremendous natural advantage of better trade relations, it is not beyond the easy reach of intelligent men to overcome the difficulties in the way, and bridge the chasm at present separating us.

#### ANOTHER SILLY CANARD.

The mischief that can be done by reckless newspaper articles dictated by the individual predilections of the writer and with altogether too little regard to the facts, was referred to in my letter of three weeks ago, and another instance of the same kind occurs in a batch of Old Country papers just to hand. A few weeks since an Ottawa correspondent sent to a number of British papers an absurd story to the effect that "owing to the failure to arrange a commercial treaty with the United States there has sprung up in Canada a movement for independence (not annexation) and that speeches in favor of that position of independence have been made by leading politicians, etc." Some cable reference to this statement came from the Old Country at the time of its appearance, but the yarn was so manifestly absurd that very little notice was taken of it, for it was worth none. A gentleman in Kingston, Ont., however, took the trouble to specifically contradict it in the Belfast Whig and we are now

#### ABLE TO REALIZE THE MISCHIEF

that such stories may do in the Old Country, where of course there is no direct means of knowing the truth; for, while publishing the Kingstonian's letter, the paper editorially refers thereto, courteously but finally declining to accept the unqualified denial upon the grounds that the item was given on the authority of a "press correspondent of good standing, and that his romance had been given publicity in other parts of the Kingdom. We in Canada know that the story is absolutely without a shadow of foundation, and I have no hesitation in challenging the "accredited press correspondent of good standing," whoever he or she may be, to give the name of one leading politician and the date of one of his speeches where such a statement was made, or quote any circumstance or recent event that can be fairly construed as evidence to indicate the existence of any such movement. On the other hand I would call the attention of the Belfast Northern Whig, and other Old Country papers that have been made the victims of this "accredited correspondent's" vivid imagination, to the ultra-imperialistic sentiments expressed daily by our leading politicians in Parliament and out, and by our leading newspapers of all shades of politics, sentiments that never failed to touch a warm responsive chord in the hearts of hearers and readers.

#### THE DEBATE CONCLUDED.

After being in session for thirty-three days (which by the way entitles members to a sessional indemnity of \$1,000 apiece)

and after occupying twenty days of that time in actual talking, the end of the debate on the address has been reached, and the division taken on Tuesday night gives the Government a majority of fifty-three with four Liberals and one Conservative absent and unpaired. This would apparently give the Government a majority of fifty-six without counting Mr. Speaker, but Hon. John Costigan, the late Minister of Marine and Fisheries in both the Bowell and Tupper Cabinets, voted with the Government, so that the majority on the first party division since the bye-elections is fifty-four with Brockville and Winnipeg vacant. The last day of the debate was made particularly interesting by the speeches of several western members who have been accredited by Opposition journals with antagonism towards the Government on the question of the Yukon administration. Tuesday's debate gave no evidence of this dissatisfaction: Messrs. Morrison, Richardson, Oliver and Douville, all of whom were particularly spoken of as likely to revolt, each took special trouble to disabuse the mind of the Opposition of any errors they might have fallen into with regard to their position. Strange to say the only "bolter" was a very prominent member in their own front ranks and a Cabinet Minister in the last two Conservative administrations. To allay the kindly anxiety of our friends the enemy, I will take upon myself the responsibility of assuring them that the Government is prepared to stand any amount of that kind of "bolting."

#### MOOSOMIN.

MOOSOMIN, April 28th.—A submit of \$12,000 for the erection of a new school will come before the ratepayers on the 8th prox. Some of the farmers have started seeding. A great deal of water is on the land yet. Rev. D. Oliver will take charge of the Presbyterian congregation for the next two months. Mr. Edgar Neff arrived home from the Philadelphia college on the 25th inst. The Moosomin Football League organized on the 15th inst. The junior team also organized but have disbanded again. The baseball league have not yet come together, but are expected to shortly. A very strong team is expected this season. It was expected a bicycle club would organize, but now appearances of same are lost to sight. Wheat is 55c., oats 40c., hay \$7 per ton, potatoes 40c., eggs 12 1/2c., butter 15c.

#### CARON.

CARON, April 25th.—Seeding is the order of the day just now, and our blacksmiths have been busy preparing outfits for spring work. Mr. Norman Hurlburt was the first to sow, and Messrs. Sturgeon and Hans take the cake for early breaking. Mr. Jas. Ostrander, Moose Jaw's celebrated picture specialist and view vender was paying the Caronites a visit this week. Mr. Hugh Scott has dis-

## Your Doctor Knows

Your doctor knows all about foods and medicines. The next time you see him, just ask him what he thinks of

## Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. We are willing to trust in his answer. For twenty-five years doctors have prescribed our Emulsion for paleness, weakness, nervous exhaustion, and for all diseases that cause loss in flesh. Its creamy color and its pleasant taste make it especially useful for thin and delicate children. No other preparation of cod-liver oil is like it. Don't lose time and risk your health by taking something unknown and untried. Keep in mind that SCOTT'S EMULSION has stood the test for a quarter of a century.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

posed of his house on South Street and leaves Caron shortly for Parkburg, Mr. and Mrs. S. will be greatly missed as they were popular with all the Caronites. Mr. Walter Scott of Rush Lake has purchased a house and lot and expects to take up his residence here very shortly. At a meeting held in the Caron school house on the 22nd inst., it was decided to establish a cemetery at or near Caron, a committee being formed to select site and prepare for division of such into plots. The first lot of books for the Caron public library arrived last week and will shortly be ready for distribution. There was a very large prairie fire south of here last week, which blackened things considerably, and in some places did not leave any feed for stock. There are quite a number of sports around here these days and we are led to suppose that some game is being shot out of season and would like to know what our game guardian is busy at that he is not on the lookout for such offenders, if such there are in this district.

## PEPSIN IN PINEAPPLE

Instead of Animal Pepsin, the Wholesome Fruit Pepsin of the Pineapple is the Effective Principle of Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets.

The vital juice of the ripe pineapple yields the wonderful remedy which corrects indigestion and cures dyspeptic disorders of every kind. The action of the fruit pepsin in Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets is wholesome, natural and delightfully prompt, and the tablets are delicious to the taste. Sixty in a box, and only 35 cents a box at all druggists.

## MONEY TALKS.

It will pay you to get our prices for....

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Mouldings, Doors, Windows, Building Paper, Fence Posts, Etc. &c.

and in fact everything in connection with the building trade.

**H. McDOUGALL,**  
G. B. Sharpe, Mgr.

## Frank J. Grobb,

DEALER IN AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Agent for J. I. Case Threshing Machines, Horse Powers and Engines; McCormick Binders, Mowers and Steel Rakes; Sylvester Hoe, Press, and Stephenson Double Disc Drills; John Deer Riding and Walking Plows; Diamond Tooth and Disc Harrows and Weeders; American Rushford Farm Wagons.

REPAIRS ALWAYS ON HAND. A CALL SOLICITED.

**If you want a Baby Carriage**

It will pay you to go to the Furniture store for it. We have them from \$8.00 up.

Undertaking supplies always on hand.

**Jno. Bellamy**

**Houses for Sale,**

REASONABLE TERMS! SMALL PAYMENTS!

Having purchased the "Colpitts property," on Manitoba Street, I purpose building thereon a number of comfortable and commodious dwelling houses, which will be ready for occupation early in the season. This is the most desirable residential property in town, being near the river, well cultivated, and plenty of young shade trees and small fruit bushes. Houses and lots from \$700 up. Payments and terms arranged to suit purchaser.

**R. BEARD,** Contractor.

## Land Titles Act

1894.

NOTICE UNDER SECTION 120.

Take notice that proof having been made to my satisfaction of the loss of Duplicate Certificate of Ownership No. 121, issued on the 15th day of May, 1899, to Margaret Taylor, of the city of Halifax, in the province of Nova Scotia, widow, for Lots number Eight and Nine in Block number Three, and Lot number Fifteen in Block number One Hundred and Ten, all in the Town of Moose Jaw, in the North-West Territories, I intend to issue a new Duplicate Certificate to the said Margaret Taylor for the above mentioned lots, in lieu of the one so lost, under the provisions of Section 120 of the "Land Titles Act 1894." Dated at the Land Titles Office for the Assiniboia Land Registration District, this 15th day of April, A.D. 1899.

H. W. NEWLANDS, Registrar, A.L. R.D.

## Brandon Marble & Granite Works, SOMERVILLE & CO.

The Leading Manufacturers of Fine Marble and Granite Monuments, Headstones, Cemetery Fencing, Mantle Pieces, Tablets, Etc.

**ROSSER AVE., BRANDON, MAN.**  
Wait for our W. Somerville who represents us in the West.

## Hitchcock and McCulloch,

Bankers and Financial Agents.  
Moose Jaw, Assiniboia.

Five per cent. interest allowed on Deposit accounts. Current accounts conducted on favorable terms. Collections solicited. Prompt returns. Drafts and Cheques bought and sold. Correspondents:—Bank of Montreal.

## READY FOR MARCH SIXTH SPRING AND SUMMER CATALOGUE OF

## W. A. Murray and Co., Limited, TORONTO.

THE LARGEST DRY GOODS HOUSE IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

Send your name and address and a copy will be mailed to you free when it comes from press. Every lady in Canada should have a copy of this catalogue. It contains interesting reading on new styles, also information and prices of strictly high class dry goods. Address Mail order department.

The W. A. Murray & Co., Toronto, Ontario.

## Raise Hogs!

Why not raise more hogs and get better value for your coarse grains? The large amount of money going out of this Province to the U.S. and Eastern Canada for Hams and Bacon does not seem like a good business proposition. During 1898 there was 1,919,784 lbs. of cured meats and lard imported from the U.S. to Winnipeg alone. If it pays farmers to sell their live hogs south of the line at 3 to 3 1/2 live weight, with the price obtainable in Manitoba it should prove a good investment for Manitoba farmers.

**J. Y. GRIFFIN & CO.**

Pork Packers, Winnipeg.

## UNION BANK OF CANADA.

Capital Authorized ... \$2,000,000  
Capital Paid Up ... 1,996,545  
Reserve ... 350,000

HEAD OFFICE, - - - QUEBEC.

Andrew Thomson, Esq., ... President.  
Hon. E. J. Price, ... Vice-Pres.  
E. E. Webb, ... General Manager.  
J. G. Bissett, ... Inspector.

#### BRANCHES.

Alexandria, Ont.	Manitou, Man.
Boisevain, Man.	Morden, "
Carberry, "	Neepawa, Man.
Carman, "	Neudorf, Ont.
Crystal City, Man.	Neudorf, Ont.
Carleton Place, Ont.	Neudorf, Ont.
Calgary, N.W.T.	Neudorf, Ont.
Deloraine, Man.	Neudorf, Ont.
Glendon, "	Neudorf, Ont.
Greta, "	Neudorf, Ont.
Hartney, "	Neudorf, Ont.
Hamiota, "	Neudorf, Ont.
Holland, "	Neudorf, Ont.
Hastings, Ont.	Neudorf, Ont.
Indian Head, N.W.T.	Neudorf, Ont.
Killarney, Man.	Neudorf, Ont.
Lethbridge, N.W.T.	Neudorf, Ont.
Macleod, "	Neudorf, Ont.
Merrickville, Ont.	Neudorf, Ont.
Minnedosa, Man.	Neudorf, Ont.
Montreal, Quebec.	Neudorf, Ont.

#### MOOSE JAW BRANCH.

Deposits received and general banking business transacted. Interest allowed on saving and special deposits. Drafts sold, available at all points in Canada, United States and England.

G. A. FISHER, Sub-Manager

## Photography.

In order to supply the demand of my numerous customers it has become necessary to open my Moose Jaw studio permanently. Hereafter Miss Gamble, of Regina, will have charge. Her very excellent work in the past enables us to recommend her to our many friends in Moose Jaw. Thanking you for past favors, we solicit a continuance of the same.

**W. C. LUSK.**

Hours from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

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And Pipes of Our Own Make at

## G. K. SMITH'S.

Tin Shop in Connection.

## Brooklands Hog Rancho,

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T.

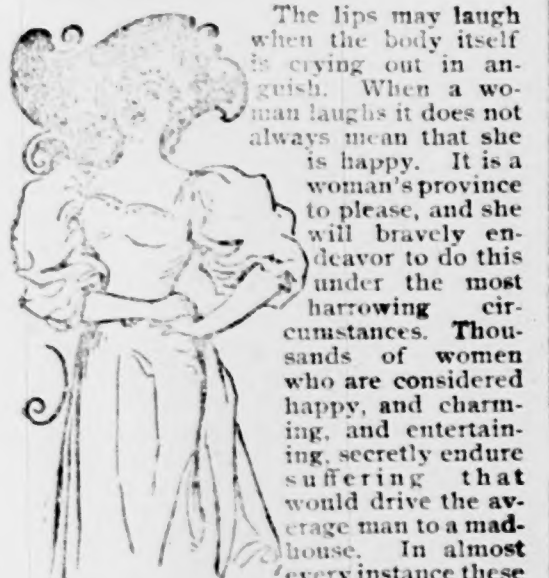
Very choice dressed hogs for sale weight 100 to 150 lbs.

Wholesale and Retail! Inspection Invited!

For prices write—

**R. H. W. HOLT,** Proprietor.

Farm for sale; 115 acres ready for crop



The lips may laugh when the body itself is crying out in anguish. When a woman laughs it does not always mean that she is happy. It is a woman's province to please, and she will bravely endeavor to do this under the most harrowing circumstances. Thousands of women who are considered happy, and charming, and entertaining, secretly endure suffering that would drive the average man to a madhouse. In almost every instance these sufferings are due to disorders of the distinctly feminine organism. They rob a woman of her health, her beauty, her amiability, her usefulness as a housekeeper, her capability as a mother, and her charm and power in the social and religious world.

There is a safe, sure, speedy and permanent remedy for these troubles. It is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly on the delicate and important feminine organs that bear the brunt of maternity. It endows them with health, strength, vigor and elasticity. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration, soothes pain and stops exhausting drains. It banishes the maladies of the expectant months, and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It insures the little new-comer's health and an ample supply of nourishment. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. Thousands of women who were almost hopeless invalids have testified to their recovery under this wonderful medicine. Medicine dealers sell it. Accept no substitute or inferior imitation.

"For seven years," writes Mrs. Louisa Arthurs, of Oswego, Ireland Co., N. C., "I suffered until agony from female weakness. I then commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and improved very fast. It saved my life."

Only at one-cent stamps to cover customs and mailing of a free paper-covered copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Cloth binding 50 stamps. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



## VANCOUVER NEWS.

### THE CITY PREVENTS LUDGATE TAKING DEADMAN'S ISLAND.

The Great Crisis in the Lease Trouble Came This Morning, When Over Thirty Men Were Arrested.

Vancouver, B. C., April 24.—The great crisis in the Deadman's Island lease trouble came this morning. Theodore Ludgate and over thirty of his men were arrested on the island by the city police. Nearly the whole force was on the island, when Mr. Ludgate arrived there and after a few minutes' conversation with Mayor Garman, the proprietor of the proposed sawmill proceeded to clear up the island. He commenced to chop down a tree, was promptly stopped and arrested. The men with him the same thing and were taken in charge, but all were allowed to go their ways on promising to appear at the police court this morning.

The whole scene of Mr. Ludgate's landing on the island and the arrest was most dramatic, and this incident marks the most interesting development in the sensational proceedings in connection with the retaining of the island by the city. The mayor and police force and special constables, making thirty men, arrived on the island at 6:10 o'clock and were followed by Ludgate half an hour later. He was allowed to land, and then commenced a long parley, in which the mayor contended for the city's rights and Ludgate grounded his claim on the lease. After talking for fifteen minutes Ludgate sent for an axe and said he would commence clearing the island for his sawmill. He hacked at a tree, but was stopped and arrested by Sergeant Johnston. He then ordered all his men to go to work, and they were placed under arrest. Their names were taken and they were allowed to go on prom-ising that they would appear at the police court at 2 o'clock. All of Ludgate's party then left the island and the city guard is still in possession. The excitement is intense over the latest developments and a mass meeting will be held to-night, called by the Ludgate faction. The city council will discuss the matter at its meeting this evening.

### GERMANY'S PROTEST

Against Captain Coghlan's After-Dinner Joke, a Formal Affair.

Washington, April 24.—The German government has entered a formal protest against the language used by Captain Coghlan, of the Raleigh, at a Union League club banquet in New York last Friday night, when he told how Admiral Dewey warned the German admiral, Von Behr, at Manila that he would put up with no more nonsense and that if Germany wanted war with the United States she could have it in five minutes. Coghlan concluded by saying that after that the Germans didn't care to breathe more than four times in succession without asking Admiral Dewey's permission.

The protest was lodged with Secretary Hay through the German ambassador, Herr von Hillebrand. Secretary Hay replied that the language appeared to have been used at a dinner in a club so it would not be regarded as an official utterance in the sense that it would warrant the state department in acting. However, the navy department is fully competent to take such action as the case seemed to require.

With this statement the ambassador is content for the time at least, and doubtless he will wait a reasonable length of time upon the navy department. There are semi-official intimations that the ambassador will not so much concern himself with the course of Capt. Coghlan as with the course of the German ambassador with Coghlan. The German ambassador stated to-day that the poem recited by Capt. Coghlan was "too nasty to be noticed."

### Plague in Formosa.

Seattle, April 24.—Daily reports received from the governor general of Formosa to the home office in Tokio, Japan, announce that 60 to 100 new cases of the plague have developed, of which about 40 per cent resulted fatally. The scourge is most felt in the vicinity of Taipei and Tainan and there seems but little chance of checking its ravages at present. The people of Formosa are so suspicious of their Japanese conquerors that they will not help in the sanitary measures that have been taken to check the plague. From many cities plague victims run outside the city walls into the mountains, rather than give themselves up to the Japanese physicians.

Details of terrible bath riots committed by the Japanese army on its recent raid in central South Formosa are beginning to reach Japan. It is said that more peaceful citizens were killed than bandits, and as many as 300 towns were sacked.

### Leaped to Death.

New York, April 24.—A policeman and the passengers of a trolley car saw a patient of St. Mark's hospital commit suicide this morning by leaping from a fourth story window to the pavement seventy feet below. The patient was Mrs. Regina Rothman, of Brooklyn. An operation had been performed on her, and she was delirious when she leaped.

### Welland Canal Go.

Port Parnassia, April 24.—The Welland canal opened for traffic this morning. The Montreal Transportation steamer *Manitoulin* was the first boat to pass up. There are eight more boats here to follow.

### A Sickly Crew.

San Francisco, April 24.—Nearly half the crew of the battleship Iowa are on the sick list and the men are loudly protesting that all of them seem to have more or less malaria and are clamoring for the removal of the ship to better quarters. The Iowa is now lying at the Union works and the stench from the sewers which empty into the bay is said to be the cause of the sickness on board.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Monday, April 24.

Sir John R. Mowbray, of London, is dead.

The Missouri river floods have subsided.

A \$1,500 fire visited Gladstone on Saturday.

A cable will be laid from Denmark to Iceland.

Jas. Groundwater, of Toronto, committed suicide.

Lord Salisbury returned from a continental tour.

Residents of Newman, Ga., roasted alive a negro prisoner.

The sanitary condition of Dawson City is causing alarm.

Germany states none of her cruisers have been sent to Samoa.

All the corner companies of the U. S. have been amalgamated.

British universities defeated the American universities at chess.

Runners are revived that Rostand, the French author, is insane.

Jno. Wells, of Boston, was sent to the penitentiary for two years.

Mrs. Spencer, rector of the late Dr. Snodgrass, Brandon, is dead.

The German in Samoa complains of being grossly insulted by the British.

The British press comment very favorably upon the Pacific cable resolution.

The New York canal advisory board will inspect the Canadian canal system.

In an engagement at Changan, the U. S. troops lost seven killed and 44 wounded.

A four year old girl, Beatrice Haskins, was killed by an electric car in Winnipeg.

A \$15,000 iron bridge at Paris, Ont., collapsed and fell into the Grand river.

Cecil Rhodes' party was defeated in the Transvaal and the Dutch party was successful.

Great Britain and Russia are losing faith in the outcome of the czar's peace congress.

The railroads and steamboat lines of Nicaragua have been sold to a British company.

Lady Scott, wife of Samuel Scott, M. P., for West Marybone, has mysteriously disappeared.

The Conservatives of Great Britain are dissatisfied with the government's policy in China.

Several liquor dealers in the northwestern part of Manitoba were fined for infractions of law.

Thirty-eight cases of diphtheria and the deaths therefrom, originated in the Winnipeg general hospital.

The mounted police will convey all gold, if asked to by the miners, from Klondike creeks to Dawson.

The British press are encouraging the United States not to lose hope in their occupancy of the Philippines.

Little Brunette and W. Rowland, of Edmonton, committed suicide owing to opposition to their marriage.

The King and Queen of Italy were dined on board the British warship, *Majestic*, of the Mediterranean squadron.

Corbin is prevented from going to Ottawa and the Kettle River valley bill will not be proceeded with this session.

The mayor of Vancouver has instructed the police to prevent Ludgate starting his mill operations on Deadman's island.

Spain will ask the States to allow U. S. troops to go to the aid of the beleaguered Spanish garrisons in the Philippines.

David Christie Murray, at the Sheffield Press club dinner, advocated the erection of a statue to Washington on British soil.

## BRITAIN DEMANDS

An Outlet Through Alaska, U. S. Seem Unwilling to Arrange It.

New York, April 24.—A Herald dispatch from Washington says: Although willing to abrogate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, Great Britain has made it plain to the United States that she expects an equivalent in return for her action. An equivalent will be exacted during the negotiations of the American-Canadian commission which is to resume sessions at Washington in August next. It is because of this demand for concessions equal in value to that which will be given the United States, in the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, that negotiations have not progressed with the promptness expected. It is apparent to officials here that Great Britain proposes to use the proposition to abrogate the treaty to further her own aims in connection with the settlement of the settlement of the Alaskan boundary and reciprocity questions. Great Britain is determined to make every effort to secure an outlet for her Northwest Territories through Alaska and the United States is not willing to give it. Maybe, therefore, she will suggest that in return for such an outlet she will surrender all her rights to the Nicaragua canal. President McKinley and Secretary Hay have determined not to enter into negotiations with either Costa Rica or Nicaragua respecting the Nicaragua canal until the new isthmian canal commission has submitted its report.

The Nicaragua canal commission will report within a short time and the president will then announce the members of the isthmian commission. This new commission will proceed to Panama and later to Nicaragua. It is the expectation of the president that it will submit its report in time for consideration early during the next session of congress.

## THE POPE'S PORT.

Rome, April 24.—Several years ago the pope placed with the famous sculptor Luchetti a commission to construct a tomb for his helpmate to be placed in the Basilica of St. John. The tomb is now complete in every detail save one. It can be erected in its place in a day or two. The missing detail is now being supplied. It is the inscription which the pope once said he would write when there seemed to be a likelihood of its being required. Last week he composed the inscription and sent it to Luchetti. It is in Latin and very simple, containing only the pope's Christian name and surname, the date of his birth, a blank for the date of his death and a few words recording Pope Leo's veneration for St. Thomas and St. Anthony.

## Two Women Murdered.

Murphysboro, Ill., April 24.—The bodies of two women, murdered while asleep, were found in the house of R. M. Davis, a miner, residing one mile from Carbon mine No. 6. The bodies were mutilated and bloodstained. The victims are Mrs. Mary E. Davis and Miss Millstead, who resided with the family. The crime was evidently committed during the night while the women were asleep for they were in their nightclothes. An inquest will be held this afternoon.

## Double Tragedy.

Edmonton, N. W. T., April 22.—Love, opposition and strychnine conspired to cause William Roland and Lottie Brunette to take their own lives at 10:30 last night. The young couple were highly respected, and their rash act has caused profound sorrow here.

## THE AMOR INJURED.

Victoria, B. C., April 22.—The Amor, when about to sail, had a mishap in her engine room. She will be laid up for about ten days.

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## GERMANY IN SAMOA.

### GERMANY CLAIMS TO HAVE BEEN INSULTED BY BRITAIN.

Marquard was Arrested by Captain Sturdee, of H. M. S. Porpoise and Imprisoned.

Perlin, April 25.—The Lokal Anzeiger to-day publishes two letters from Samoa, dated March 23, one is from a special correspondent at Apia, Herr Marquardt, a prominent German resident of Apia, who under Tammase, was military instructor, and lately under Mataafa and the provisional government, was a justice of the peace until he resigned on the departure of Dr. Raffell, the German president of the municipal government at Apia.

According to Herr Marquardt's letter, it seems it was he, and not Herr Hufnagel, who was arrested by Capt. Sturdee, commander of the British warship *Porpoise*, as bearing arms against British sailors. He says he was taken on board the *Porpoise*, where he claims he was grossly insulted by Capt. Sturdee, and after fourteen hours captivity, during which no proof against him was advanced, he was transferred to the German warship *Falk*, with the condition that he did not leave her. Herr Hufnagel asserts that his property was stolen and destroyed by the Tannu hosts, and millions worth of other German property likewise destroyed. The writer asks who will pay the damages. Herr Von Wolffersdorff asserts that the British consul, Maxie, and Capt. Sturdee are both guilty of the grossest conduct, in exceeding their treaty powers. He claims they treated the Germans like captives, and continued an almost incessant shelling of German houses under various pretexts. He adds that the most intense indignation prevails among the Samoan Germans against British excesses. Otherwise, Herr Von Wolffersdorff's reports agree with German official reports.

## AN OCEAN TRAGEDY.

Nine Men Perish Miserably in a Boat from Want of Water and Food.

San Francisco, April 22.—The steamer *City of Para*, from Central America ports, brings details of an ocean tragedy. While the vessel was at Corinto, an open boat containing the remains of nine men, who perished months ago, drifted ashore there. The bodies were horribly emaciated and the manner in which the limbs were contracted showed that they must have died in terrible agony. There was not a drop of water, not a particle of food in the boat.

In December last Louis W. Maslen, of El Triunfo Pier company, three port officials and five boatmen went to the oiling at El Triunfo. They boarded the mail boat *San Juan*, and in the presence of an approaching storm warned them to return. The gale came up quickly, overtook the boat and soon after it got away from the steamer. It was never seen again until it floated into Corinto harbor. Louis W. Maslen was the son of E. W. Maslen, deputy naval officer of this port. The other victims names are not given.

## Ravages of Death.

London, April 22.—Right Hon. Sir John Robert Mowbray, father of the house of commons since 1898, is dead.

Sir John Mowbray was the first baron of that name, the baronetcy being created in 1880. He was born June 3rd, 1815. He was a judge advocate-general in 1858-59 and 1866-68. He was a Conservative. On the death of the Right Hon. Charles Pelham Villiers, Jan. 16th, 1898, Sir John Mowbray became the oldest member of the house of commons, otherwise the father of the house.

New York, April 22.—Geo. W. Keil, for fifteen years business manager of the New York Clipper, is dead, at his home in this city. Mr. Keil was 55 years old, a veteran of the civil war, a prominent Mason, and widely known in theatrical circles.

Maniwaki, Que., April 22.—Xavier Guertin died at his home here last evening at the age of 108. He was one of the oldest settlers in the Gatineau valley.

## International Courtroom.

Sassari, Island of Sardinia, April 22.—The King and Queen of Italy arrived here yesterday evening on the royal yacht *Savoie*, which passed between the British and Italian fleets. All the warships were illuminated in honor of their majesties. The fleets this morning hoisted the Italian royal ensign preparatory to being reviewed. Crews greeted the ship and hearty cheers were given for the king and queen and guns saluted royal salutes. The spectacle was a grand one.

## Long Riding Craze.

St. Louis, Mo., April 22.—Miss Ernie Bloss, a young girl riding a bicycle from Fort Worth, Texas to Washington, D. C., is in the city hospital here much fatigued, but declares she will continue after a rest. She says she made a wager with her brother, G. Main, of Fort Worth, to cover the distance in sixty days, and has traveled since March 21.

## Fatally Injured.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 22.—Kid Lavelle, of Chester, Pa., known as the "African Cyclone," is believed to be gaining as his homestead from the effects of a knockout blow delivered by John Cavanaugh here during a prize fight.

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## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Saturday, April 22.

Ex-Mayor Cowan, of Galt, is dead. Australia will compete at Disley this year.

Germany sent more men-of-war to Samoa.

A test of wireless telegraphy will be made in Chicago.

Senator Quay was acquitted by a Pennsylvania jury.

Mrs. Henry T. Sloan denied she intended marrying P. Belmont.

British troops have completely routed the rebels in Hong Kong.

Andrew Stokes, of Goderich, Ont., was killed by a bicycle accident.

The wholesale trade in Canada has improved during the past week.

Dr. McKay, of Papeanauville, Que., was liberated from the penitentiary.

The Winnipeg city clerk has declared the electric light by-law carried.

A New Zealand ship-ward crew spent five months on a barren island.

The Kettle River valley railway will not be proceeded with this season.

The Winnipeg city council made a grant towards a life saving apparatus.

The National Cycling association was organized in opposition to the L. A. W.

The Allan liner, *Manitoba*, was sighted in distress off the coast of Newfoundland.

There will be a great scarcity of building material throughout Canada this season.

More trees and fewer flowers will be planted this season in the Winnipeg parks.

The bonds of the old waterworks company was handed over to the city of Winnipeg.

The Dominion government's Pacific cable resolution is highly regarded in Britain.

The Winnipeg tax collector reported \$519,069.67 taxes collected in the past six months.

John Dixon, of Quebec, was sentenced to fourteen years' imprisonment for manslaughter.

Conference on the Alaskan boundary modus vivendi were held, but no agreement was reached.

The Territorial assembly discussed the question of the right to build elevators at railway stations.

J. H. Plummer, general manager of the Bank of Commerce, will spend a part of the summer in Dawson.

The statement that H. A. Costigan, of Ottawa, is to be appointed an inspector of inland revenue, is denied.

The radicals sustained a reverse in the house of commons in an effort to reduce the British troops at the Cape.

The second Sunday in October was set apart by the Methodist conference in connection with the million dollar fund.

The parliamentary prohibitionists have signed on a line of action. A private member will introduce a prohibition bill.

The Saturday Review said the U. S. was worthy of Lowell's brands, "Goward" and "Cain," if they retired from the Philippines.

The completion of the Brandon and Southwestern railway will cross the C. P. R. branches was before the railway committee at Ottawa.

The railway committee at Ottawa granted running rights over a portion of the Crow's Nest Pass line to the Bedlington and Nelson promoters.

The Vanderbilts purchased the Chicago, Indiana and Louisville railway.

West Australia declined to give the Salvation Army 15,000 acres of land.

## DUTY ON WINES.

An Effort to Have the British Authorities Reduce Duty on Colonial Wine.

Toronto, April 23.—A special cable to the Globe says: The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks Beach, and the secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, have consented to hear the protest laid by Lord Strathcona, against the proposed increase of wine duties. It is reported that Chamberlain inclines to a reduction favoring the colonial product, but it is improbable that he will be able to move them government to grant any direct preference to colonial wines. The tax, however, may be lightened upon cheap wines, thus indirectly favoring the colonies.

## Two Tramps as 1-4.

Cornwall, Ont., April 27.—Four cars on the east bound Grand Trunk freight ran off the track at a switch west of here last night. Two men, tramps, were killed and two cars completely wrecked while two tanks containing oil were broken open and the contents lost. Fifteen tramps were riding on the oil tank car at the time of the accident, but all but two escaped.

## To the Penitentiary.

Regina, N. W. T., April 22.—Jno. K. Welsh, real estate and insurance agent and an elder of the Presbyterian church, was today convicted of improper conduct with his stepdaughter on July 3rd last, and was sentenced by Judge Richardson to two years with hard labor.

## Why We Are Right Handed.

A professor who has made a study of children says he has discovered why the majority of people are right handed. Infants use both hands until they begin to speak. The motor speech function controls the right side of the body, and the first right handed motions are expressive motions, tending to help out speech. As speech grows, so does right handedness.

## The Place He Sought.

"Here's an item to the effect that the only thing a man can do in New York without money is to run into debt."

"Great mackerel! If a fellow can do that, I'm going to New York. They must be easier there than they are in Chicago."

## Half and Half.

Of the people whose consciences trouble them one half worry because they are afraid they'll be caught, the other half because they are caught.

## CURIOUS CULLINGS.

In Paraguay, a gentleman is enjoined by the laws of good society to kiss every lady to whom he is introduced.

A church in London still possesses an income originally given to it for the purpose of buying flags for burning heretics.

An English beggar, who shammed insanity in order to escape trial, after keeping up the pretence for six months has become really mad.

The Swedish bride fills her pockets with bread, which she dispenses to every one who meets on her way to church, every place she disposes of averting, as she believes, a misfortune.

## OTTAWA NEWS NOTES

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Friday, April 21.

Spain will build a new navy. Knox church, Toronto, was sold for \$120,000.

Rover and Winnipeg Bicycle clubs have amalgamated.

Police had a lively chase after a Brandon burglar.

A best-sugar factory will be started at Danville, Ont.

A large party of Finlanders left New castle for America.

M. Edouard Paileron, a noted French dramatist, is dead.

Wray and Henshaw's flour mills at Lucan, Ont., were burned.

Nothing has been settled about the removal of the Winnipeg Dragons.

A highlander fight resulted in fatalities in Chintawa, San Francisco.

A German named Stultz was cruelly treated by natives of New Guinea.

A Granta farmer was fined \$200 for smuggling tobacco from North Dakota.

Conestock, Ill., was elected in the Rockville bye-election by 243 votes.

A. L. Sifton has filed a protest against the return of Dr. Brett, member for Banff.

Twenty-six per cent. of the Kansas winter wheat is a failure owing to frost.

Lady Primrose, daughter of Earl Rosberry, was married to the Earl of Creves.

A Paris journalist said the charges against Yukon officials were a parcel of truths.

A company has been organized in England to develop the oil wells of Gaspe county, Que.

Germany has been unsuccessful in its attempt to purchase one of the Caroline group from Spain.

Mrs. Clifford Sifton will lay the cornerstone of the Methodist church, Brandon, on Friday.

John A. Wallace was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, at Winnipeg, for defrauding a farmer.

The biggest mining deal on record in Colorado was consummated in the sale of the Independence mine.

The commander of the German mail-boat, *Calcutta*, was arrested for supplying arms to the Samoan natives.

A strong company has been formed to build the Georgian Bay canal and develop industries along the route.

The jury rendered a verdict of "accidental death" in the Stella steamship wreck, but reflected on the captain.

A hurricane disaster on the coast of Queensland resulted in the death of 406 persons and the wreck of 87 vessels.

The 13-year-old daughter of J. J. Reynolds, formerly of Owen Sound, was drowned in a Swan River valley creek.

The United States is determined to hold the Philippines and will send at once a force of 35,000 men to the islands.

The Territorial assembly will ask the Dominion government to amend the lands act in order that seed grain liens may be cancelled.

The proposal of Lord Aberdeen that colonial life peers should be appointed in the House of Lords, aroused much discussion in England.

The sub-committee's report on the plebiscite vote, submitted by the Dominion Alliance, as well as the majority report, was voted down.

Miss Clara Brett Martin, Ontario's



# UNCLE JOHN AND THE RUBIES.

By ANTHONY HOPE.

Copyright, 1908, by the Author.

Dawson appeared with the bottle. He carried it as though it had been a baby, combining the love of a mother, the pride of a nurse and the uneasy care of a bachelor.

"You have not shaken it," asked the father.

"Upon my word, no, sir," answered Dawson earnestly. The poor man had a wife and family.

My father gripped the bottle delicately with the napkin and examined the point of the corkscrew.

"It would be a great pity," he observed gravely, "if anything happened to the cork."

Nothing happened to the cork. With infinite delicacy my father persuaded it to leave the neck of the bottle. Sir Matthew was ready with decanter, funnel and muslin.

"We must take care of the crust," remarked my father, and we all nodded solemnly.

My father cast his eyes up to Uncle John's portrait for an instant, much as if he were asking the old gentleman's benediction, and gently inclined the bottle toward the muslin covered mouth of the funnel.

"If only my poor uncle could be here!" he sighed. Uncle John had been very fond of port.

"I should be delighted to meet him," cried Sir Matthew in genuine friendliness.

The vicar took off his spectacles, wiped them and replaced them. My father tilted the bottle a little more toward the funnel. Then he stopped suddenly, and a strange, puzzled look appeared on his face. He looked at Sir Matthew, and Sir Matthew looked at him, and we all looked at the bottle.

"Does old port wine generally make that noise?" asked Sylvia.

For a most mysterious sound had proceeded from the inside of the bottle as my father carefully inclined it toward the funnel. It sounded as if—but it was absurd to suppose that a handful of marbles could have found their way into a bottle of old port.

"The crust"—began the vicar cheerfully.

"It's not the crust," said my father decisively.

"Let us see what it is," suggested Sir Matthew very urbanely.

"I've done nothing to the bottle, sir," cried Dawson.

My father cleared his throat and gave the bottle further inclination toward the funnel. A little wine trickled out and found its way through the muslin. My father smelt the muslin anxiously, but seemed to gain no enlightenment. He poured on under the engrossed gaze of the whole party. The marbles, or what they were, thumped in the bottle, and with a little jump something sprang out into the muslin. Sir Matthew stretched out a hand. My father waved him away.

"We will go on to the end," said he solemnly. And he took it up, the object that had fallen into the muslin, between his finger and thumb and placed it on his plate.

It was round in shape, the size of a very large pill or a smallish marble and of a dull color, like that of rusted tin. My father poured on, and by the time that the last of the wine was out no less than seven of these strange objects lay in a neat group on my father's plate, one lying by itself a little removed from the other.

"I have placed this one apart," observed my father, pointing to the solitary marble, "because it is much lighter than any of the others. Let us examine it first."

"I propose that we examine the six first," said Sir Matthew in a tone of suppressed excitement.

"As you will, Sir Matthew," said my father gravely. And he took up one of the six that lay in a group. "The surface," said he, looking round, "appears to be composed of tin."

We all agreed. The surface was composed of tin. A line running down the middle showed where the tin had been carefully and dexterously soldered to gether. Sir Matthew having felt in his pocket, produced a large penknife and opened a strong blade. He held out the knife toward my father, blade foremost, such was his agitation.

"Thank you, Sir Matthew," said my father in courteous and calm voice, reaching round the blade and grasping the handle.

Absolute silence now fell on the company. My father was perfectly composed. He forced the point of the knife into the surface of the object and made a gap. Then he peeled off the surface of tin. I felt Sylvia's eyes turn to mine, but I did not remove my gaze from my father's plate. Five times did my father repeat his operation, placing what was left in each case on the tablecloth in front of him. When he had finished his task, he looked up at Sir Matthew. Sir Matthew's face bore a look of mingled bewilderment and triumph. He opened his mouth to speak. A gesture of my father's hand imposed silence on him.

"It remains," said my father, "to examine the seventh object."

The seventh object was treated as its companions had been. The result was different. From the shelter of the sealed tin covering came a small roll of paper. My father unfolded it. Faded lines of writing appeared on it.

"Uncle John's hand," said my father solemnly. "I propose to read what he says."

"Aren't they beautiful?" whispered

Sylvia longingly.

A glance from my father rebuked her. He began to read what Colonel Merridew had written. Here it is.

That old fool Marston having made the life of everybody on board the ship a burden to them on account of his miserable rubies and having dogged my footsteps and spied upon my actions in a most offensive manner, I determined to give him a lesson, so I took these stones from his cabin and carried them to my house. I was about to return them when he found his way into my house and accused me—me, Colonel John Merridew—of being a thief. What followed is known to my family. The result of Sir George's intemperate behavior was to make it impossible for me to return the rubies without giving rise to an impression most injurious to my honor. I have therefore placed them in this bottle. They will not be discovered during my lifetime or in that of Sir George. When they are discovered, I request that they may be returned to his son with my compliments and an expression of my hope that he is not such a fool as his father.

JOHN MERRIDEW, Colonel.

Continued silence followed the reading of this document. The maharajah's rubies glittered and gleamed on the tablecloth. My father looked up at Uncle John's picture. To my excited fancy the old gentleman seemed to smile more broadly than before. My father gathered the rubies into his hand and held them out to Sir Matthew.

"You have heard Colonel Merridew's message, sir," said my father. "There is, I presume, no need for me to repeat it. Allow me to hand you the rubies."

Sir Matthew bowed stiffly, took the maharajah's rubies, counted them carefully and dropped them, one by one into his waistcoat pocket.

"Take away that bottle of port," said my father. "The tin will have ruined the flavor."

"What shall I do with it, sir?" asked Dawson.

"Whatever you please," said my father, and, looking up again at Uncle John's picture, he exclaimed in an admiring tone: "An uncommon man indeed! How few would have contrived so perfect a hiding place!"

"Sylvia," said Sir Matthew, "get your cloak." Then he turned to my father and continued, "If, sir, to be an expert thief?"

My father sprang to his feet. Sylvia caught Sir Matthew by the arm. I was ready to throw myself between the engaged gentlemen. Uncle John smiled broadly down on us. The vicar looked up with a mild smile. He had taken a nut and was in the act of cracking it.

"Dear, dear," said he, "what's the matter?"

"Sir Matthew Marston," said my father, "ventures to accuse the late Colonel Merridew of theft, and that in the house which was Colonel Merridew's."

"Mr. Merridew," said Sir Matthew in a cold, sarcastic voice, "must admit that any other explanation of the colonel's action is—well, difficult, and that in any house, whether Colonel Merridew's or another's."

"My dear friends," expostulated the vicar, "pray have reason. The presence of these—er—articles in this bottle of port, taken in conjunction with the explanation afforded by the late Colonel Merridew's letter, makes the whole matter perfectly clear."

The vicar paused, swallowed his nut and then continued with considerable and proper pride. "In fact, although there is no reason whatsoever to think that Colonel Merridew stole the maharajah's rubies, yet any gentleman may well suppose and has every reason for supposing that Colonel Merridew did steal the maharajah's rubies."

Sir Matthew tugged at his beard; my father rubbed the side of his nose with his forefinger. The vicar rose and stood between them with his hands spread out



"My dear friends," expostulated the vicar, "pray have reason."

and a smile of candid appeal on his face.

"There is no reason at all to suppose Uncle John meant to steal them," observed my father.

"I have every reason for supposing that he meant to steal them," said Sir Matthew.

"Exactly, exactly," murmured the vicar, "what I say, gentlemen; just what I say."

My father smiled. A moment later Sir Matthew smiled. My father slowly stretched out his hand. Sir Matthew's hand came slowly to meet it.

"That's right!" cried the vicar approvingly. "I felt sure that you would both listen to reason."

My father looked up again at Uncle John.

"My uncle was a most uncommon man, Sir Matthew," said he.

"So I should imagine, Mr. Merridew," answered Sir Matthew.

"And now, papa," said Sylvia, "give me the maharajah's rubies."

"A moment," said Sir Matthew.

"There was a matter of £5,000."

"We cannot," said my father, "go behind the verdict of the jury."

Sir Matthew turned away and took a step toward the door.

"But," my father added, "I will settle twice the amount on my daughter-in-law."

"We will say no more about it," agreed Sir Matthew, turning back to the table.

So the matter rested, and before long I saw the maharajah's rubies round Sylvia's neck, but as I sit opposite the rubies and under Uncle John's portrait I wonder very much what the true story was.

Was the letter the truth, or was it written in the hope of protecting himself in case his hiding place was by some unlikely chance discovered, or was it to annoy Sir George Marston's descendants? I cannot answer these questions. As the vicar says, there is no reason to suppose that Uncle John stole the rubies, yet any gentleman may well suppose that he stole the rubies. Uncle John smiles placidly down on me, with his glass of port between his fingers, and does not solve the puzzle. He was an uncommon man, Uncle John!

At any rate, the vicar was very much pleased with himself.

THE END.

Distance of Stars.

From measurements of the mean parallaxes of the stars Beta, Gamma, Epsilon and Zeta, in the Great Bear—five of the seven stars which form the Great Dipper—astronomers now obtain values so small as to indicate that the system formed by these stars is separated from the earth by such a distance that it is no random assertion to say that 200 years must be required for the light to reach us.

The distance of Beta and Zeta is found to be at least 4,000,000 times greater than that which separates the earth from the sun, and from calculations made by M. Hoffer the star Epsilon of this group is calculated to be 40 times brighter than Sirius.

A few years ago Professor Pickering of the Harvard college observatory deduced from spectroscopic observations of the star Eta Ursæ Majoris—Mizar, the middle star in the handle of the dipper—that its distance is about 150 light years, an estimate with which these later determinations of the distances of the other dipper stars accord fairly well.

When They May Be Made Useful.

"Always do right, and your friends will stand by you."

"Yes, but the time a man needs friends to stand by him is when he does wrong." —Chaucer's Record.

Has Her Money Laundered.

"The demand for new bills for shopping is on the increase among women," said a local bank teller, "and is getting to be a nuisance. A great many women won't handle any currency that is not absolutely fresh and crisp, and in the north all the banks that make a specialty of catering to women's custom keep a supply constantly on hand for that particular purpose. Sometimes the bills are hard to get, especially those of certain denominations, and gold is unpopular on account of the danger of confusing the \$2.50 coin with a bright penny."

"It is not generally known, but bills can be washed and ironed as easily as a pocket handkerchief. A wealthy woman of my acquaintance has all her money laundered before she uses it. She turns the notes over to her maid, who washes them thoroughly in hot water with ordinary soapuds and spreads them out on a table to dry. Then she dampens them slightly and presses them with a medium hot smoothing iron. If the bill is not frayed, this process will make it as bright and crisp as when it first left the treasury. It is astonishing how dirty money gets. If one could see the water in which a dozen commonly circulated bills were washed, it would give them a permanent aversion to the trade of teller." —New Orleans Times-Democrat.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The motor promoter is becoming numerous. —L. A. W. Bulletin.

Holland has just begun to drain the Zuyder Zee, which will add 737 square miles to her fertile territory. This is one way to "expansion." —Exchange.

From the number of women being converted into angels by combustible celluloid combs that institution bids fair to outdistance the deadly folding bed as a corpse producer. —Exchange.

Italy now seeks a port in China, and England, France and Russia are favorable to the project. It looks as if China will be nothing but a renminance when the next generation grows up. —Boston Globe.

Two prisoners duly sentenced have petitioned for liberty on the ground that imprisonment does not agree with them. There will be no hesitancy in granting to this plea the merit of novelty. —San Francisco Call.

It is a curious thing to find the members of the house of commons wrangling over the meaning of the word "Protestant" at the end of the nineteenth century. It is another proof of the absurdity of a state church. —New York Sun.

The New York woman who married a young lawyer and gave him \$2,000,000 because "he made such beautiful prayers" should be a shining example to members of the legal fraternity of the necessity for early reformation. —Omaha Bee.

While Lord Charles Bessborough in an interview was denying that Japanese civilization is a mere veneer 11 Japanese immigrants at San Francisco were supporting his contention by trying to bribe the customs inspector. —Chicago Tribune.

It is noted that General Otis' war dispatches rarely contain the first personal pronoun singular. In this respect his commentaries differ from those of a great many other eminent warriors, including Julius Caesar, who managed to get it in three times in a memorable sentence of just six words. —Boston Herald.

SLAIN.

Swiftly the shot from my rifle sped To his heart, and he fell in the darkness—dead!

With never a tremor, never a sigh, I saw my enemy bleed and die.

"And now," I said, "is my peace secure; I shall fear his hand and his hate no more."

The black night came with a stealthy pace And laid the shadows over his face.

Hidden forever from mortal view, And only God and the darkness knew!

But what would I barter of good and fair To take the place of the dead man there.

As I face the future—the life to be, With God and the darkness haunting me! —Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

## TWO CITIES.

For some time Badgettown had entertained the most perverse antagonism toward Alkali City, and, on the other hand, Alkali City had looked upon Badgettown with supreme contempt.

Each town regarded the other as a trespasser and a menace to the prosperity of Cactus county, and each claimed the sovereign right to become the county seat when the new county should be organized. "Just ter think," exclaimed Nathan Skidmore, the mayor of Alkali City, "uv a town uv only 74 inhabitants claimin the right ter the county seat over a city uv nearly 100 population! Hit's preposterous!"

"Hit's outrageous an deserves the contempt uv every intelligent squatter on Coyote prairie," observed Bill Barondollar, a muscular six footer from Missouri who had cast his fortunes with Alkali City. "Seems ter me," he went on, "that hit's nothin better 'an a confidence game ter git strangers ter stop in Badgettown."

"Why," he continued, getting warmed up with the subject, "the mayor uv Badgettown has had the gall ter actually ask strangers ter come thar an meck thar homes; had a circular printed, which sez that the town is on the eve uv a great boom—finest location on Coyote prairie, rich soil, fine water, Italyan climant, an the only live city in Cactus county! Blame take the onery cuss! Hain't Alkali City in Cactus county? Hang my looks, if it ain't a downright insult ter—"

"Bill," interrupted the mayor, removing the cob pipe from his mouth and fixing a look of incredulity upon the speaker, "ken ye produce that circular?"

"Hyar it is," responded Barondollar, drawing out a greasy, well worn document from his pocket and handing it to the mayor.

Nathan Skidmore took the paper and read it through with a thoughtful countenance.

"I'll be hanged," he broke forth, "if it ain't enough to send every cuss in Badgettown ter the penitentiary—hit just is—or I'm a liar an don't know my own name!" And he shook his fist in the direction of the despised city.

"The correct thing ter do, according ter my judgment," pursued the mayor, "is ter call a meetin uv the board uv trade uv Alkali City an provide measures fer the abatement uv public no-sances, an I think—"

"Badgettown would come under that head," broke in Barondollar.

"Nathan," said Barondollar, "by what method would ye perpose ter settle the difficulty?"

"This," and Nathan Skidmore tapped a six shooter that hung at his side.

Barondollar nodded his approval of the mayor's method, and the two separated for the night, Barondollar going to his cabin, a short distance away.

The next day at an early hour a meeting of the Alkali City board of trade was called, and its members assembled in Bill Barondollar's cabin.

The mayor was the first to address the meeting.

"Feller citizens an members uv the board uv trade," he began, "we hev met fer the consideration uv a question which is uv the most vital importance fer every citizen uv Alkali City. Badgettown, it seems, hev issued a circular which reflects on the good uv this city, an as I am honored by bein the chief magistrate uv the same I feel that, in justice ter myself an worthy feller citizens, some action should be taken at once ter vindicate ourselves in the eyes uv the world an the intelligent squatters uv Cactus county."

"How shall this be accomplished?" continued the official when the enthusiasm had subsided.

"I can't meck no speech," said Jim Budlow, "but I'm hyar ter say that I indorse every word our honorable mayor hev sed, an I think we orter form ourselves inter an investigation committee an ride over to Badgettown, an if they don't 'poligize an meck amends fer their conduct meck an example out ov 'em."

"My idy egzactly," chimed in Bill Barondollar, and this opinion was speedily ratified by the entire crowd. Then the meeting adjourned.

A half hour later a delegation of armed and mounted men, headed by the mayor, left Alkali City and galloped swiftly toward Badgettown.

"Boys," says Barondollar, "if they don't do the square thing—"

"Fix 'em so they'll wish they had," broke in Joe Budlow, jerking his hand in the direction of a heavy six shooter that protruded from under his loose coat.

"Ye air ter do nothin without orders from me," said the mayor in a voice of command. "I'm the commander uv this company, an I'll give the orders at the right time."

A cluster of miserable little shanties scattered about the wind swept prairie were all the indications of a town to be seen. In front of one of the shanties a little crowd of men was collected conversing in low tones.

The men from Alkali City approached. The mayor was the first to speak. Stepping to the front of the crowd, he said:

"Gentlemen of Badgettown, ye see before ye a comitty uv citizens uv Alkali City, appointed by the board uv trade ter investigate the lyin an sland'rous stories ye have been circulat'ing regardin our city, an ter ask ye ter 'poligize in a fittin manner an suffer the consequences—which means that we intend ter tear down this dilapidated chicken ranch, scatter its rickety hen-roosts ter the four winds, an administer sich chastisement ter the defamers uv our city as will serve as a lastin warnin ter all like offenders in the future! Bring out yer mayor an council, that we may feast our eyes on the biggest hars that ever issued a real estate circular or laid out a town!"

The sound of a woman weeping bitterly came from within the building, and the mayor paused, and cast a questioning glance at the men before him.

"Hit's the mayor of Badgettown in thar," said one of the men, nodding toward the shanty. "He was throwed from his hoss and killed this mornin'."

The men from Alkali City exchanged swift glances, but none of them spoke. One of the strangers standing near by now turned to the man nearest him and said:

"It'll be hard on his poor wife an children. They hain't got hardly nothin ter live on, I reckon."

Meanwhile Abe Horner, the marshal of Badgettown, had gathered a little crowd of citizens about him and was talking earnestly.

"Boys," he said, "I hain't got much ter give, but I'm goin ter give all I can ter help the pore widder an family uv little children, an I know ye'll do the same."

The marshal took off his hat, and dropping several pieces of silver into it proceeded to make a financial tour through the crowd, and for some time the clinking of falling coin was the only sound that broke the stillness.

While this was going on the chief of Alkali City and his followers were conversing in low tones.

"From all appearances," said the mayor, "I—I reckon we hev—"

"Made big fools of ourselves!" finished Bill Barondollar.

"That's whatever!" agreed the mayor with an emphatic nod of the head. "I see that them fellers over thar air gettin up a little pa's" for the pore family, an when it comes ter that I 'low Alkali City ain't broke. Is she, boys?"

"Not by a jugful!" responded Barondollar, "an if we can't give more 'an them fellers gives I'm in favor uv us walkin back ter town, an gettin our names changed," and this sentiment was ratified by the entire delegation.

"I'll just open the subscription with a few of these," said the mayor, taking off his hat and dropping a handful of silver into it.

His example was followed by all the others, and his hat soon resembled the specie vault of a small savings bank.

"Now," said the magistrate, "we'll see how them other fellers air succeedin, an ef we hain't doubled 'em we'll meck another assessment."

With this he approached the crowd of Badgettown citizens and said:

"Gentlemen, I see ye hev been takin up a little collection fer the pore widder an children. How much have ye got?"

"Bout \$25," was the reply.

"Waal," answered the mayor, "Alkali City wants ter play in this yere game, an hyar's her bit—bout \$200, I reckon, and he emptied his hat at the feet of the astonished crowd."

Then, without waiting to hear the expressions of gratitude that rose to the lips of the amazed citizens of Badgettown, he turned and walked away.

A few moments later the whole Alkali City delegation mounted their horses and galloped out of town and were soon lost to sight over a swell in the prairie.

For half an hour they rode before a word was spoken. Then the mayor broke the silence:

"Cleaned out!"

"That's whatever!" answered Bill

Barondollar. —Kansas City Star.

The Pomaks of Rhodope.

Who on earth, or what on earth, are the Pomaks? Is the question which will suggest itself to most of those who glance at the heading of this article. The Pomaks are Bulgarians—Bulgarians—that is to say, they are Bulgarians who have adopted the creed of Islam, but retained their own language. With their native speech they have preserved certain usages and customs of their own race, thus affording to the ethnologist an admirable field for speculation as to the extent to which a change of religion, unaccompanied by other influences, can modify the ingrained characteristics of a nation.

There are Pomaks in many parts of Bulgaria, but the Pomak territory par excellence lies in the wildest, remotest region of the Balkan peninsula, in the heart of Rhodope, a terra incognita to the European traveler, and known only by report to the neighboring races; in ancient days the haunt of the frenzied Bacchantes.

Of that wild rent that tore the Thracian bard in Rhodope, when woods and rocks had ears To rapture, till the savage clamor drowned Both harp and voice—

and in later times the inaccessible retreat of fierce, fanatical mountaineers, who scorned for centuries the rule of Turk and Christian alike, and bravely resisted every effort to bring them into subjection. It was only quite recently that a Bulgarian force succeeded in occupying the remoter portion of the Pomak territory assigned seven years ago by the convention of Toplane to Eastern Roumelia. —Fortnightly Review.

Cheap and Dangerous Toothbrushes.

An operation for appendicitis upon a patient living in this state revealed the fact that the disorder was due to the presence of tooth brush bristles. "Cheap tooth brushes," remarked the Albany surgeon who had charge of the case, "are responsible for many obscure throat, stomach and intestinal ailments. The bristles are only glued on and come off by the half dozen when wet and brought in contact with the teeth." —American Druggist.

SOME INNS IN ASIA.

A Description of the Queer Institutions Found in China.

The inns are the inns of the east—the inns that prevail everywhere in Asia, though the average tourist does not see them. Let me describe one of these Chinese inns. Turning sharp off the main street of the town and passing through a gateway in a mud wall you find yourself in a courtyard. One side is occupied by several rooms for guests. At one end of each room, filling about a third of the space, is a matted dais raised about two feet high. But under the dais is a fireplace of brick. On the dais is a small table standing about six inches high.

The travelers spread their bedding on the dais and sleep there, or they squat crosslegged on the dais and eat their food from the six inch high table that rests there. The larger portion of the room, the space not occupied by the dais, has a floor of beaten earth, and it may contain a table or a couple of chairs, or it may contain nothing. Its purpose is to store the travelers' baggage or merchandise. On the other three sides of the courtyard are tables for the pack animals and a kitchen used by every one.

As the inn is enlarged to meet increased traffic there may be added to it additional courtyards, or corner pieces, or long alleys, as the proprietor is able to buy or lease ground. But the principle of the extension is the same as that of the original design. The inn lets to the traveler stable accommodation and a place where he may lay his bedding, and it provides him with the use of a kitchen and a well. That is all in theory. The traveler must bring, and often does bring, his own food and forage. He ought to draw his own water and himself boil it. But in practice and under pressure of traffic the inns have fallen into the way of keeping for sale a quantity of forage and of food, such as mutton, fowls and eggs, and the caretakers or servants of the inn supply water drawn from the well and boiled over the common fire.

At every Chinese inn we stopped at boiling water was brought as soon as we alighted, in order that we might refresh ourselves with tea, which we were supposed to have with us, and if we hadn't tea, as by outrunning our baggage, the tea was promptly supplied and afterward paid for by our servant when he settled the bill. For that purpose the payments were all in copper cash, each being of the value of a halfpenny.

All the inns at which we stopped between Peking and Kalgien were built of beaten mud. The stables and the managers were of the same material. Wood, which is dear, was only in use for doorways and window panes. The latter were latticed, and the lattices were in part blank and in part papered over. As the weather got colder more and more of the lattices would be papered up, until in winter fresh air would be practically excluded. My custom was to examine the window frames, and if I thought there was not enough air space I made as much more as I thought fit by poking holes in the paper with my walking stick. No objection was made, for paper is cheap. —Arnst Reid.

## SPRING BLOOD

Spring blood is usually bad blood. It is weak and watery. It is frequently diseased and impure. It is the kind of blood which does not properly sustain the heart, the lungs, the kidneys, the liver, the stomach and the nerves. It is the kind of blood that invites the entrance of such diseases as consumption, catarrh, heart affections, nervous prostration, complicated ailments of the stomach, liver and kidneys, and diseases peculiar to women.

Almost everybody feels the ill-effects of bad blood in the spring. By means of headaches, backaches, sleeplessness, irritability and nervousness, the languid, exhausted body cries out for help—such help as can best be supplied by Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Food, because it supplies the very elements that make the blood pure, rich and healthy.

## DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

Is the greatest of spring restoratives. It is prepared from the most famous prescription of America's greatest physician, DR. A. W. CHASE, and contains in condensed pill form the very elements which go to make pure, rich and healthy blood. It gently regulates the bowels and tones and invigorates every organ of the body. By building up the system it drives out disease and gives new vigor and energy to overcome the ills of spring.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD, 50 cents a box at all dealers, or by mail, along with a copy of Dr. Chase's new book, "The Ills of Life and How to Cure Them," on receipt of price by Edmanston, Bates & Co., Toronto.



## We Must Have More Room!

And to accomplish this end we are prepared to give you good prices. We have a few baby carriages left selling at remarkable low prices for cash. A full line of the

### Famous Brantford Bicycles . . .

Ride a "Red Bird" if you want to ride a popular wheel. For some time we have been filling up our different lines of stationary and druggist sundries. Our aim is to keep what the people want.

### Just a Word to the Farmers and Gardeners!

In buying Bluestone and Garden Seeds we considered quality as well as price and will stake our reputation on these. A large stock of Dutch Sets expected daily.

### TURNBULL & McCULLOCH.

## TENDERS.

Tenders are invited for the construction of a brick parsonage for the Moose Jaw Methodist Church. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the undersigned until 8th of May. No tender necessarily accepted.

Wm. Grayson.

April 24th, 1899.

### The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1899.

### LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

T. D. Watson, of Parkbeg, is in town this week.

The Assembly will probably prorogue tomorrow.

Mr. Hugh Ferguson paid Regina a visit this week.

Mr. Urquhart, of the Canada Permanent, is in town this week.

Mrs. Walter Scott of Regina is the guest of Mrs. J. C. Hamilton this week.

Creamery butter can now be had at Mr. Alex Brechin's at 20c. per lb for 1 lb prints.—Adv't.

Mr. Thos. Tucker has been appointed a commissioner for taking affidavits at Weyburn, Assa.

Seeding is progressing favorably in this district. Before the snow storm of the 16th April, Jos. Young of Stony Beach had 100 acres seeded.

Caterer J. A. Blake at present of the N.W.M.P. Sergeant's Mess, but formerly of Moose Jaw, will accompany the Athabasca Treaty Commission.

Mr. Matt Fletcher has started a blacksmith shop at the rear of the McCormick implement shed, where he will be pleased to meet all his old friends.

We have been requested to say that the Ladies' Guild of St. John's church has reserved Dominion Day for a special event, particulars of which will be announced later.

A meeting of the L.O.O.F. has been called for next Friday evening, May 5th, in the Masonic Hall, to consider the advisability of re-organizing the lodge here. Members who belong to outside lodges are requested to attend.

Conductor E. H. Cooke left last evening for New Orleans, Florida, as the representative of the Moose Jaw Lodge No. 39, of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, which meets at that city on May 9th. Mr. Cooke contemplates a pleasant trip and a good convention.

The Regina Leader seems bound to lead in North-West journalism. Last week's issue consisted of sixteen column pages and contained full reports of the Federal, Manitoba and North-West Parliamentary doings, besides the usual editorial comments and local and Territorial news.

Another Regian has taken up his residence in Moose Jaw. This time it is Mr. Geo. Crapper, of Crapper Bros., who has opened up in the wall papering and painting business in the premises next door north of the Model Grocery Store. Mr. Crapper is well known in Moose Jaw and his long experience in the business should insure for him a successful career.

There is now on the siding at Weyburn twenty-five cars of settlers' effects, with some thirty more on the way. Building operations have not yet commenced as no lumber has arrived. There is not a tent or house except the C. P. R. station and section house, which the company has thrown open to all they will accommodate. The company has also left a boarding car on the siding for the settlers to sleep in.

Mrs. C. D. Fisher left on Tuesday evening on a two-months' visit to friends in the east. Mr. Fisher leaves about this time next month to join Mrs. Fisher at her home in Rockville, Ont. They will return on the 1st of June. Mr. Fisher will take the train and will attend the train dispatchers' convention which takes place in that city on June 20th.

Mrs. Wm. Burton, of Medicine Hat, was the guest of her mother, Mrs. Jas. Ostrander, this week.

Mr. Stephen Motta arrived from Lethbridge this week on a visit to his brother, Mr. Geo. Motta, of the C.P.R. shops.

Herb Torrence arrived from Hamilton, Ont., last Friday morning on a visit to his grandmother, Mrs. Alex. McDonald.

Mr. Stenshorn, gardener, of Regina, predicts few weeds this year on the theory of their having sprouted during the wet weather of last fall.

The Moosomin Spectator announces on authority that the patrol of the North-West Mounted Police along the International Boundary will be re-established.

On Monday Mr. Robert Coventry, of the Coventry settlement, left for the Medicine Hat Hospital suffering from an attack of appendicitis. It is thought that an operation will have to be performed.

Mrs. R. E. Campbell, of Banff, accompanied by her sister, Miss Blanche Crozier, who had been spending the winter with her, arrived on Tuesday evening on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Crozier.

The New Zealand government has further amended its offer to Creamery Supt. Kinsella, who has accepted it and will leave in a short time for that distant country. Mr. Mitchell of Guelph Agricultural College, will replace Mr. Kinsella.

A terrible tragedy was enacted at Edmonton last Friday, when M. P. Rowland and Lottie Burnett committed suicide by taking strychnine. The reason for the deed was because strong opposition had been raised against their marriage and they made up their minds that if they could not live together they would die together.

Commissioner Herchmer of the North-West Mounted Police force was in Winnipeg last week making arrangements for recruiting a large number of men. Talking on police matters generally, he expressed himself as highly pleased with the result of the work so far. The increase just authorized would be greatly appreciated by the force, as with the present number of men it was almost impossible to perform the duties expected of the force.

#### BIRTHS.

McMILLAN—At Moose Jaw on Friday, April 21st, 1899, to the wife of Jas. McMillan, a daughter.

### Pant and Vest

### Maker

### Wanted at

### Once at

### R. L. Slater's.

Look out for Adv't next week . . .

## Hats and Shirts!

NEW & NOBBY.  
JUST ARRIVED.

Range Large!  
Price - Small!

Special Run on These  
Goods this Week.

### MITCHELL AND HEMBROFF.

Corner Main and River Streets.

## LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE.

The undersigned wishes to announce that he has leased the River Street stables from Mr. G. M. Annible, and is now conducting a livery, feed and sale business, and is prepared to furnish first-class rigs and good driving horses on shortest notice. Draying done to all parts of the town at moderate charges. Horses and cattle bought and sold on commission. A share of your patronage respectfully solicited.

Jos. E. Battell.

## This is The Time

Of year for house furnishings and we are better prepared than ever to supply all your wants in these goods and at lower prices than you can get elsewhere.

### Carpets and Rugs.

We carry by far the largest range of carpets shown in the west. Our 3-ply wool carpets made by the Toronto Manufacturing Co. are the best wear in the world. Our price for these goods \$1.15 per yard, wool carpets, all grades from 65c. per yard; good Union carpet 45c.; Dutch carpet 35c.; Hems 15c. and 25c.; wool squares, all sizes from \$5.50 up. Door mats, rugs and sheep skin mats.

### Linoleums & Oil Cloths.

We imported direct from the manufacturer, Michael Nairn & Co., Kirkcaldy, Scotland, their NEVER-WEAR-OUT linoleums, 2 yards wide, price \$1.00, 1.25 and 1.65 per square yard. These goods are acknowledged by all to be the best in the world. Canadian oil cloths, 1 yard wide 40c., 1 1/2 yards wide, 65c.; 2 yards wide \$1.00 per yard. English linoleums, 2 yards wide \$1.00 per yard.

### Lace, Tapestry, and Chenille Curtains.

This has been a big season for lace curtains. We have already cleared out our spring imports and have another large shipment on the way. We start our lace curtains at 25c. per pair and run them up to \$6 a pair; we have beauties, large size from 75c. to \$2; coin spot muslins 20c. and 30c. per yard; muslins, white and colored, plain and frilled, by the yard from 15c. and on up to 50c.; tapestry curtains, the most up-to-date curtains made; chenille curtains, table and stand covers; curtain poles and trimmings, 25c. complete.

### Linen and Cottons.

Table linen in endless variety, bleached and unbleached from 25c. per yard up, also table cloth and napkins to match; five o'clock tea cloths, side board covers, napkins, doilies, etc. Towels from 60c. per doz. Bath towels, a special line, bought job at 65c. per pair worth \$1.00. Sheetings, all widths, plain and twill, grey and bleached, 12 yards wide at 17c. Sheets and pillow cases, and pillows ready made; comforters, quilts, cotton blankets, wool blankets. Cretonnes, a beautiful range from 10c. single and double fold. Art muslins, art cretonnes, art denims. Stamped goods of all kinds and silks for working them.

### Furniture Coverings.

Repps, damasks, tapestries, figured and printed velvets, the newest things. We will be pleased to show you these goods, we know they are right in price and style, being all new goods.

### Bargains.

Do not forget our wall papers, just half price. We are giving up this department and they must be sold.

See our men's christy stiff hats, 25c.—worth \$2 to \$3; men's soft felt hats, 50c.—worth \$1 to \$2.

Two tins sardines for 15c. Pickled salmon 8c.

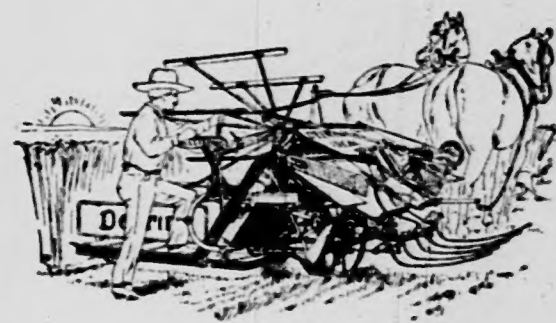
Try a sample of our mixed tea, 3 lbs for \$1 worth \$1.50.

Robinson & Hamilton.

## Harness!

HERE IS A SNAP!

A fine set of team harness, all hand made from best oak leather, for \$24.00; something better for \$26.00, \$28.00 and \$30.00. Single harness for \$8, \$12, \$14, \$15 and up. Sweat pads, 75c. a pair for 11-inch pad. These are the "SUCCESS" sweat pad and have a world wide reputation. As we have the sole agency for this district in these goods you will not be able to procure them from other dealers, so beware of imitation. We have a larger stock of saddles than ever at prices ranging from \$3.25 to \$55.00. These saddles are made by Carson & Shores and are acknowledged to be the best on the continent.



## Implements!

## Implements!

We have just received a carload of Woodstock wagons, 2, 2 1/2 and 3 inch tire. A car load of Canton ploughs now on the way. A car of E. N. Henry & Co's buggies—the same as we sold last year—to arrive soon. We will have a car of Deering mowers and rakes in stock about April 20th; also a sample of their celebrated light binders. Inspect our implements before purchasing elsewhere and we will convince you that we sell better goods for less money than any other firm in Moose Jaw.

In Boots and Shoes We Have Some Special Values! Men's split bals for 75c. to \$1.00; men's buff congress or bals for \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50. These are some special lines that we bought at a bargain and we want to give you the benefit. Call early and get your choice as they will not last long.

R. E. DORAN.

Wow, Wow, That's the Stuff!



What's the Stuff?

Why Simpson's Ideal Breakfast Foods.

Try our Wheat Granules, 12 lbs for 25c.  
" " Middlings " " "  
" Whole Wheat Flour " " "  
" Corn Meal " " "

LUMBER, LIME AND WOOD.

Also Flour and Feed and Building Material of all kinds for houses, barns, carriages and fences.

Now for Screen Doors & Windows.

Shop work of all kinds done on shortest notice. Prices right and satisfaction guaranteed.

E. Simpson & Co.

### ARE YOU FOND OF A GOOD BOOK?

We have on hand the latest works of standard authors and the latest books by the best writers of the day. The Moose Jaw Circulating Library of Good Literature is now open. Fifteen books for one dollar.

### THE BAZAAR

### Photographer's Supplies . . . . .

Hammer Plates,  
Ferrotypes,  
Blue Paper, Solo Paper,  
Developers Mixed.

E. L. COLLING.

WANTED.

First class pant and vest maker wanted immediately at Mitchell & Hembroff's.

Milch Cows For Sale.

Ten milch cows. Can be seen at Ferguson's yard on Saturday. Apply to H. BATES.

57 KALE, Green LAKE, WAGHORN'S GUIDE

## Wear The Best!

You can afford to buy the best at the prices we are now selling at.



Special Bargains  
One Week  
Commencing on  
Saturday,  
April the 29th.

We will Make  
Saturday a  
"Hot Day" at  
MacLeod's  
Clothing Store.

### Boot and Shoe Department.

Eighteen pair Ladies' Dongola Oxford Tie, hand turned, plain or kid tip, \$2.00. . . . . Saturday \$1.50  
Eighteen pair Ladies' Dongola Button Strap Slipper, turned, kid tip, 1.75. . . . . Saturday 1.25  
Thirty pair Men's American Calf, laced or congress, 2.00. . . . . Saturday 1.50  
Thirty pair Men's Pebble Blutchers, double sole, hand pegged, good wearers, 2.25. . . . . Saturday 1.75  
Thirty pair Men's Harvest Shoes, in black and tan, hand bottomed, solid leather, 1.35. . . . . Saturday .95c.  
Also special leaders in men's, boy's, misses' and childrens shoes for. . . . . Saturday 29th.

### Men's and Boy's Clothing Department.

Men's Colored Tweed Suits, all wool, well lined and finished, perfect fitting. . . . . Saturday \$5.00  
Men's Imported Serge Suits, all wool, the celebrated Campbell serge, in blue and black, lined with fine Italian lining, well tailored and up-to-date. . . . . Saturday 8.00  
Men's Tweed Pants, assorted colors, good trimmings and well made. . . . . Saturday 1.50

M. J. MacLEOD.

Specials in Boy's and Children's Suits. THE UP-TO-DATE STORE.

### ATTENTION!

The undersigned wishes to announce that he is now prepared to attend to all orders for stonework, either by day labor or contract. Prompt attention will be given to all orders for repairs to buildings. MARTIN BURNS. 41-44p

### BULL FOR SALE.

The thoroughbred, Cruickshank, Short Horn, Guardian (22052), got by Guardian (19956) and dam Lady Annaella (21708), imported stock. This large roan bull, now four years old, can be seen at Mr. T. D. Watson's Spring Bank Ranch, Assa. Price moderate. A good thoroughbred bull always returns good value in stock. R. F. MANLEY, Prop. Parkbeg, Assa. 42tf.

### Farm to Rent on Shares.

The undersigned will rent his farm on shares for three years. Tenant to live on farm. House provided by proprietor. Tenant may have the use of implements if required, also seed wheat, oats and barley the first year. 115 acres good summerfallow and 300 acres under cultivation. For further particulars apply to Wm. Watson, Prop. Moose Jaw. 34p.

### WANTED.

Wanted—some breaking done. Apply to 43-45p E. WEST, Moose Jaw.

### PAINTING.

Carriage painting and bicycle enamaling, work guaranteed, prices reasonable. R. MOORE, over McLean's warehouse. 4p

### HORSES FOR SALE.

Three teams of good working horses for sale on easy terms. Apply to A. WILSON, blacksmith. 41-43

### FOR SALE.

One billiard table in first class condition, for sale cheap. Apply at Green's Restaurant. 43p.

### NOTICE.

Applications will be received by Chairman of School Board for the position of secretary-treasurer for balance of current year, until Wednesday, 3rd May, April 27, 99.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE TO TRAVEL AND BUSINESS 50c 1/2